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THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN.

New Series. Tucson, A. T., Sunday, April 4, 1869. Vol. 2. No. 14

THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN

A weekly Journal, devoted to the Interests of Arizona Territory,

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R. PLATT. J. E. McCAFFREY.

PLATT & McCAFFREY.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,

TUCSON, A. T.

January 2d 1869-tf

GEO. H. LORD W. W. WILLIAMS.

LORD & WILLIAMS.

HAVING just brought out from New York fresh and

CHOICE STOCK OF MERCHANDISE,

are offering the same very cheap for cash.

Look at our goods and prices

tf Jan. 1, '69.

JNO. S. THAYER,

(Licensed)

—Auctioneer—

Office at the store of JUAN FERNANDES

MAIN STREET, TUCSON,

Dec. 26, 1868 tf.

G. H. OURY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

Office in Court-house Building

TUCSON, A. T.

aug4,67 tf

WILLIAM O'RILEY

The undersigned having leased the above Saloon, is prepared to furnish his friends and the public with a general assortment of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

AUGUSTUS BRICHTA.

Jan 30, 1869.

PIONEER BUTCHER SHOP.

GEORGE FOSTER,

at the OLD STAND on Main Street,

TUCSON, A. T.

Is ready to supply all customers in his line with as good beef and at as low rates as can be done elsewhere in town.

Jan. 1st 1869.

PIONEER BREWERY.

TUCSON, A. T.

LAGER BEER, ALE and PORTER

Constantly on hand.

A. LEVIN & J. GOLDTREE.

March 14, 1869—11 tf.

CAMP GRANT STORE!

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that they have just opened a new stock of goods consisting of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c.

and are prepared to sell on the "live and let live" principle.

Would also announce to those persons desirous of settling upon the Lower San Pedro, that they are proprietors of a large Acequia and that their water will be taken from it by actual settlers free of charge

ISRAEL & COX.

Camp Grant, A. T., Oct. 24 1868. tf

NOTICE.

Fort Yuma, February 20, 1869.

WE have this day appointed Capt. ISAAC POLHAMUS, Jr., General Superintendent of our business on the Colorado River.

The resignation of our late Agent, Mr JOHN B. DOW, and our Clerk, Mr. C. H. BRINLEY, take from the 1st and 20th instant.

GEO. A JOHNSON & CO.

11-4t.

THOMAS M. YERKES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANT

Tubac, A. T.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, which will be sold reasonable, and a LIBERAL CREDIT GIVEN. Grain taken in exchange, for goods at market prices.

Jan 1st 1869. tf.

HOME.

Home! home! the word that sounds so sweet,
That music breathes where'er we roam.
The goal where fondest memories meet.
Our Eden spot, our youth's blest home.

When worldly cares compel to leave,
And on life's checkered journey roam;
When foes surround and friends deceive,
We miss the innocence of home.

When sickness prostrates, sorrows press,
And anxious cares like armies come;
When racked by pian; in each distress—
We miss the sympathy of home.

When blighted prospects fill our path,
And troubles flow with angry form;
When cheering hopes all end in wrath,
We miss, we miss the joys of home.

When far from thee some pleasures meet,
And joys encircle life's broad dome;
We turn to thee with memories sweet,
And contrast still all joys with home.

When time commands no longer stay,
And bids us look to death's dark gloom,
What other hope can fears allay,
But that blest hope of Heaven, our home?

When we, at last, this life resign,
And give our bodies to the tomb.
God grant, beyond the grave's confines,
We all may rest in Heaven at home.

All the World for White Pine

The Reese River Reveille of the 27th ult, has the following

The rush to White Pine appears to be on the increase, judging from what we read, hear and see. From morning until night, teams, horsemen and footmen enter this city and pass on to the "land of promise." During yesterday we noticed especially the following persons and things moving in that direction loaded with lumber, one mile to a mill, a quartz mill machinery, a Concord wagon containing one man, two women and a child; two men on horseback carrying rifles, and followed by a wicked looking bull-dog, three saddle horses—one containing a woman and a lot of household furniture, another a man, a woman and a papoose, the last the driver and packages of provisions; four mule teams, each hauling two large wagons filled with barrels of liquor; a little old man under a blue blanket coat, mounted on a tall mule; a Concord wagon, containing six Chinese men, their goods and chattles, seven mule and horse teams hauling lumber, shingles and merchandise, a cart drawn by a single yoke of antique and bony oxen, containing a cooking stove, several boxes, a few pieces of side meat and a very long and heavy rifle—the sole attendant of which was the driver, a tall, weather beaten, iron-looking man of apparently sixty years of age; a queer-looking cart, a sort of improvised rockaway, or German state carriage, in which were many trunks and boxes, and three persons—a man driving, an elderly woman, of consequence holding a cat in her lap, and a small Indian girl; nine wagons drawn by oxen, horses and mules, and filled with traps; thirteen men of all nations afoot packing their blankets and bottles, and followed by fifteen ill looking hybrid dogs; three wagons containing the remains of a California brewery; a suspicious covered wagon in which were three ladies of remarkably free ways and speech and one man driving. One of the ladies, who was pretty, saw us looking at her, and said something to us which we could not repeat; five strapping boys from the "old sod" afoot, without blankets, each carrying a bit of a stick and roaring with fun as they passed; three Mexicans mounted, and driving one mule, packed; two wagons containing a saloon and fixtures; eleven teams of twelve mules each, and each hauling two first class wagons piled up with casks, barrels, kegs, baskets and boxes, leaving a strong suspicion of spirits; two men on horses, with grave bearing, and looking like evangelical parsons; five colored citizens on white or gray horses, dressed in fancy blanket suits smoking cigars, and talking louder than white folks; more wagons; six teams; one wagon—and so the living flood set in upon White Pine, until night closed the scene.

Emeute in a Cuban Theatre.

A BEAUTIFUL YOUNG CUBAN LADY KILLED.

Correspondence of the New Orleans *Times*, dated Havana, January 23 1, says: A most brutal and cowardly assassination of a young Cuban girl occurred last night at the theatre, while the Cuban revolutionary song was being sung, and the Spanish authorities here are endeavoring to remove the damnable stain of the transaction by circulating various mild accounts of it; one of which I have just heard is, that the fighting first commenced outside the theatre. I was present and so were several other Americans, and I must say that I never saw anything so mean and cowardly before in my life. The facts are these: A very handsome young lady, the daughter of Aldama one of the wealthiest and most noble of all Cubans, wore upon her left breast the American flag, with the inscription, "Long live the Republic of Cuba," upon it! When the stirring song was being sung the whole audience arose and cheered this young lady, and as she rose to acknowledge the salute—all eyes were now bent upon her—a low, mean, cowardly Spaniard shot her with a revolver, killing her instantly. Two American gentlemen occupied the box adjoining Señorita Aldama, whose names I do not know, but, one of these seeing the pistol pointed at the young lady's breast, drew his revolver, and a second after the Spaniard had fired, blew the top of the head off the cowardly assassin. Instantly the theatre was the scene of the greatest confusion and, the Spanish troops who had been placed outside in great numbers, now rushed in at his signal, and commenced firing upon the mass of huddled, unarmed, innocent men and women. The Spanish troops were bragging two hundred persons. I am pretty sure there were at least half that number killed and wounded. Intense excitement has prevailed all day, and business is almost suspended. Proclamations by the Captain General, ordering citizens to stay at home, are posted up, at the same time saying that the leaders have been arrested, which is not so, but, on the other hand, they arrested some ten or twelve Cubans, who were the innocent occupants of the theatre, and not one Spaniard has been arrested. The liberals are forming a camp and fortifying in the south west part of the city, as it is rumored, and hundreds of Spanish troops are hurrying hither and thither through the streets. It seems that they have, already, had a fight, as about fifty Spanish troops have just passed my window, bearing upon their shoulders the corpse of a man whose body was literally riddled with bullets. I have been down, and attempted to learn the particulars, but cannot learn anything but that "he was a traitor." The excitement is looming up and I shall not be surprised to find martial law proclaimed before night.

A large panther is creating much excitement in Davidson County, Tennessee. Eight cows and thirteen hogs have been killed and half devoured by the animal. A hunting party has been tracing its footprints in the snow, but have had trouble with their hounds, which seem to be timid. The shriek of the monster, resembling the cry of a child, has been heard by the hunters, but only its tracks and its half eaten victims have yet been seen. It is supposed that the animal belonged to a menagerie which was wrecked some months since by the collision of railroad trains in Mississippi, with the exception of one large panther, the animals were all removed and caged. The animal that then made its escape, has, no doubt, found its way to Tennessee.

Probably the oldest tree on record is a cypress at Somma, in Lombardy, that was known to be standing when Julius Cæsar lived—nineteen hundred years ago. It is one hundred and six feet high and twenty feet in circumference.

Late Eastern News.

Chicago, March 10.—A *Times* special says: Snow of the *Intelligencer*, who was recently removed as commissioner of the Pacific railroad is writing a report denouncing the construction and operation of the road in the most unmeasured terms.

The *Tribune's* special says, Hamilton Fish will be sent to England.

A cabinet meeting was held to-day, but little business was transacted. Secretary Boutwell qualified to-day. Secretary Cox has arrived and will qualify to-morrow. Delano has entered upon the duties of commissioner of Internal revenue, and many changes in important offices connected with the revenue are expected.

A *Republican* special says: The people of Nova Scotia are about to ask England for a release of all political convictions. They will send a delegation to Washington and ascertain upon what terms they can be received as a State. The feeling in the colony favors the measure.

Madrid, March 12—Figuerola, ministery of finance has asked for a loan of one thousand million reals to meet the extraordinary expenses of the government.

St. Louis, March 10—Gen. Sheridan arrived to day and left for Washington. He considers the Indian troubles settled and the savages entirely subjugated.

Washington, March 9—Among the bills introduced in the Senate to-day, was one by Senator Morton, granting the right of way to the Memphis and El Paso railroad.

Washington, March 15—Kellog introduced a bill granting the right of way for a railroad from New Orleans to the Rio Grand in the direction of Mazatlan.

The Senate passed with amendments the House Bill, to suspend the tenure of office bill until the next session of Congress, also the bill to enforce the 14th amendment.

Morton offered a joint resolution, providing that a majority of any State Legislature, shall be sufficient to ratify a constitutional amendment, and that the withdrawal, resignation, or temporary refusal of a minority, to act, shall not affect the validity of such ratification by the majority. Davis objected and, the resolution went over.

Bingham, under the suspension of rules, introduced a joint resolution, which, passed, for the protection of the United States in the Union Pacific railroad. It authorizes the company to remove its general office from New York to Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Cincinnati, Council Bluffs or Omaha.

New York, March 16—Two hundred and sixty hogs were killed at the Hudson River depot by order of the Sanitary inspectors. They were all more or less diseased. Notwithstanding the vigilence of the inspectors, it is believed that a number of diseased hogs have been thrown upon the market.

Chicago, March 15—It is reported that orders will be issued assigning Schofield to the late command of Sheridan, with head quarters at Fort Levenworth; Sheridan to Sherman's command, headquarters at St. Louis. Howard will probably be sent South, Gen. Thomas will be assigned to the command of the Pacific, with head quarters at San Francisco; Halleck will be sent to the command of the new division of the South not yet organized. Augur remains in command of the department of the Platte; Hancock goes to Dakota; Pope to the department of the Lakes Terry will command Georgia and North Carolina; Stoneman goes to Arizona.

The wealthiest man in America is said to be young Stevens, son of the late Elwin A. Stevens, of Hoboken, who, when he reaches his majority, will be worth $150,000,000, by the advance of his estate in New Jersey.

Ole Bull gave a concert in New York, at Steinway Hall, for the benefit of his fellow sufferers by the late disaster on the Ohio river.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN

SUNDAY APRIL 4, 1869.

SCENERY AND VEGETATION.

There is but a single ability in existance among our co-professionals that we consider as really enviable, or, at least, there is but one which we envy; it is not the ability to live in luxury through means of wealth—in this we congratulate all—nor is it the ability of thought or silent discernment; but we envy that ability, which some possess, of picturing thought, of putting every emotion of the soul into language and of conveying to the eyes of others, all the ideas which stamp themselves upon the imagination.

This is a divine faculty, the faculty which makes the poet, the novelist and the orator. Never has the absence of this power been more painfully felt by us than upon the present occasion, as we have had the the satisfaction of viewing a scenery which quite baffles any description by our pen. For this view we are indebted to the courtesy of Hon. John B. Allen, who called upon us on Sunday evening last, when, taking a seat in his carriage we had a pleasant drive of several miles, visiting the various cultivated fields and ranches along the Santa Cruz valley.

For several months we had not been beyond the suburbs of the city and were not prepared for the scenes which everywhere presented themselves. Here are several thousand acres of land, certainly as picturesque and as fertile as any on the Pacific slope, blossoming luxuriantly; vast and numerous fields of grain—some just springing above ground, others have attained various heights, from six inches to two feet, and we observed one field of barley already headed; peach trees in full blossom, and hedge rows which present a continuous mass of foliage may be seen in every direction, and form an indescribable contrast with the dark grey mountains beyond.

We halted for some minutes at the ranch of Mr Allen which is located about two miles from town. Everything here bears evidence of thrift and enterprise in the owner. A large adobe corral, about two hundred feet square, having a stone foundation two feet high, contains various agricultural implements besides dwelling house, sixty by forty feeet in dimensions is now in process of erection.

Until recently, the principal road leading through this agricultural district was in very poor condition, so poor that during the rainy season it was, at many points impassible, owing to the quantities of water at these points accumulated. But the enterprising spirit of the gentleman before named, would not suffer this so to remain, and almost entirely at his own expense, has bridged and graded the road in many places, so that it is now, not only passible at every season, but will in all probability ere long, become the principal route from Tucson to the Point of Mountain as it is now, not only a generally much better, but a shorter route to that point by some three miles.

It is a pity that some more of our merchants who, from January to December, stand behind their counters, and do little else than hand out goods to their customers at intervals, would not suffer themselves to view this field for enterprise, through which they might so vastly benefit themselves as well as the country generally. Thousands of acres as fertile as those under cultivation still lie waste and will at any time amply reward cultivation. Here is a climate and soil where most tropical fruits will grow and ripen; and there is no observable reason why the bee should not here as well as in the valleys of California deposit their luscious stores in abundance.

However, it is satisfactory to know that these various branches of agriculture are about to have a fair trial: Mr. Allen, who, during the past four years, has experimented to a great amount, for the purpose of ascertaining the adaptability of the soil to the production of various kinds of grain and vegetables, is about to visit Los Angeles, there to make arrangements for the transportation to Tucson, at the proper season, of several species of fruit trees. He will likewise try the cultivation of the grape, of the success of which there can be no doubt since it is to be found growing wild in every portion of the Territory where, a stream of water courses.

This is citizenship of real value—citizenship through which a country must progress. Why cannot others, possessing ample means, aid in this pursuit of agricultural information, rather than raise, year after year, the same species of fruit or grain? It is known to all that experiment is necessary to progress, yet few are willing to invest a cent unless a return with profit is evident to the commonest observer. Yet a little study should be sufficient to convince any one that there can be but little risk in concluding: that the productions of different sections of country possessing similar climate and soil, cannot widely differ.

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements of the Territorial Treasurer, From November 1st 1868 to April 1st, 1869.

1868		RECEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS
November 1st	Balance Cash on hand	$2,868.06	
December 7th	From County Treasurer, Pima County	$835.06	
" 31st	" " " " "	616.51	
" 8th	Auditor's Warrant, No. 32,		$1,747.00
	Interest on same from Dec. 8th '65 to date, 3 years@10 per cent, per annum,		$524.10
" 12th	Auditor's Warrant No. 151,		$150.00
" 19th	" " " 152,		$40.00
" 19th	" " " 153,		$122.12
" 19th	" " " 154,		$131.40
" 31th	" " " 155,		$126.37
" 31st	" " " 156,		$108.32
	Interest Coupons on Bonds Nos. 191 to 215 inclusive, 125cts Gold to currency@73		$171.24
1969			
January 11th	From County Treasurer Yavapai Co.	$480.00	
" 14th	" " " Mohave "	$1 281.50	
" 14th	" " " Yuma "	$1220 80	
" 31st	" " " Pima "	$588.47	
" 31st	" " " Yavapai "	$199 94	
February 28th	" " " Pima "	$138.11	
" 15th	" " " Yavapai "	$327.90	
" 31th	" " " Pima "	$423.93	
January 4th	Redemption of Bonds Nos. 30, 31, 32 and 33—each for $100: $400.00		
	Interest on same $40.00: $440.00 to currency@73		$602 75
	Interest on Bonds Nos 34, 35, 36, 37, 38 and 39—each $10: $60.00 in Gold to currency@73		$82.20
" 5th	Redemption of Bonds Nos 34 and 135, each for $100 Gold: $200.00 Gold, to Currency@73		$274.00
" 11th	Auditor's Warrant No. 157		$76.00
" 11th	do do do 158 for Interest on Bonds 151 to 190, in $200.00, in Gold to currency@73		$272.18
" 13th	Redemption of Bonds Nos. 36 and 37 each for $100, Gold: $200.00 Gold, to currency@73		$272.15
" 14th	Payment of Auditor's Warrant No. 11 —principal $38.00, interest $11.40		$49 40
" 14th	Payment of Auditor's Warrant No 109		$80.00
" 27th	Redemption of Bonds Nos. 38 to 47: $700,00 in Gold to Currency@74		$945.88
February 6th	Redemption of Bonds Nos. 66 to 70: $500.00 Gold, to Currency@74		$675.65
" 6th	Payment of Auditor's Warrant No 159		$58.40
" 10th	do do do do 149		$236 66
March 20th	Redemption of Bonds Nos. 48 to 55 and 64 & 65: $500.00		
	Interest on same $10.40		
	Redemption of Bonds Nos. 71, 72 and 73 $300.00		
	Interest on same $5.16		
	Total $815 56		
	to currency@77		$1,059 20
31st	Payment of Auditor's Warrant No, 161		$186.60
	do do do 162		$162.50
	do do do 163		$162 50
	Balance on hand		$434 13
		$8,980.28	$8.980.28

Tucson, March 31st, 1869. JOHN B. ALLEN, Territorial Treasurer

	GOLD	
Bonds outstanding Nov. 1st 1868, as per Report to Legislature		$13,700 00
Redeemed up to April 1st, 1869, as per Statement Receipts and Disbursements		$2,800 00
Leaving Bonds outstanding, April 1st 1869		$10,900 00
Amount of Interest on Bonds, Unpaid and Due, Nov. 1st, 1868,		$1,487,31
Amount of Interest on Bonds Paid up to April 1st, 1868,		$240.56
Balance of above Interest remaining Unpaid,		$1,246 75
	CURRENCY	
Of Auditor's Warrants outstanding Nov. 1st 1868, Principal, $5,035.85 Interest, $1,120.68		$6,156.53
There has been paid, Principal $2,081.60, Interest, $535.50—Total		$2,617.16
Making amounts of said Warrants, Principal and Interest, unpaid April 1st,		$3,539.37
The total Indebtedness of the Territory on November 1st 1868, comprised in Bonds and accumulated Interest, and Warrants and accrued Interest,—Amounted as per Report to the Fifth Legislature, to		$26,961.05
Of which there has been redeemed, and paid, up to April 1st. 1869,		$8,972.44
Reducing the Debt from Amount due Nov. 1st, '68, to		$18,988.61

A sanguinary affray, resulting in loss of life, took place here some days since: A Mexican named Juan Camancho got into a dispute with three other Mexicans, and, being a repated desparado, was by them considered a dangerous individual with whom to altercate. They accordingly endeavored to come to an amicable understanding, and having to all appearance succeeded, were about to separate when Camancho caught one of them, named Joaquin, (alias Chappo, alias Shorty,) by the arm as if to detain him. The latter requested, then demanded to be released, but the former, who was evidently determined to have a quarrel, was about to renew the misunderstanding by a series of accusations and threats, when Joaquin suddenly pulled a large bowie knife and plunged it into his breast. The wounded man was carried off and remedies were applied, but to no purpose: he died soon afterwards. Joaquin has since been arrested, and is now confined in the jail to await trial. There are various conflicting rumors current, purporting to explain the origin of the quarrel, but from our best information it would appear that the foregoing is the most reliable.

Latest News.

(From files of the Daily New Mexican)

Havana, March 14—Official dispatches report that a battle has taken place at Mayore the headquarters of the rebel forces in the Eastern department. The government account states that a column of 500 regulars supported by a heavy artillery fire, carried the fortifications of Mayore and carried the town which was defended by 2000; no rebel reports of affair have been received.

San Francisco, March 17—The Steamer Montana sailed for Panama to-day with six hundred thousand dollars in treasure.

Late Alaska Advices say that when Gen. Davis went to the Indian village of Kika to punish them for the murder of two white men, he found the place deserted as the Indians had received notice of his approach. In the village some articles were found, belonging to a trading schooner that left Sitka about three weeks ago; It was inferred that the vessel was captured and the crew murdered by the Indians.

While firing a salute last night on board the Steamer Metropolis, on the occasion of the reception of the Emmett Guards from Sacramento, a keg of powder exploded, wounding 18 or 20 persons and injuring the boat considerably.

New York, March 18—Late letters from Brazil state that Ramhost, the Brazilian Minister of Foreign Affairs, has been sent to the camp of the Allies on the river Plata, to prepare the way for peace. It is believed that he is directed to harmonize the difficulty prevalent among the allies.

McMahon is still with Lopez and is consequently cordially hated by the Brazilians.

The Herald's Washington special says: The army officers at Washington are discontented with the late consolidation orders. Most of them who have been to see Gen. Sherman in order to have their assignments changed, are disgusted at his strange manner.

Pueblo, March 19—Private advices from Fort Lyon report that a serious affray took place at that post on the night of the 16th, between the fifth cavalry (white) and the tenth cavalry (colored,) during a theatrical performance in which insults were thrown out against the white soldiers. The row was brief but warm, and over one hundred shots were fired resulting in the death of four or five and the wounding of five or six, principally colored.

Chicago, March 20—Seven thousand Navajoes are reported at Fort Wingate. Constant difficulties are occurring between themselves and Americans.

Washington, March 19—The Supreme Court to-day decided not to make any decision at this term on the constitutionality of the greenback issue.

From the New Mexican of March 16th we learn that four men, while on their return from the camp of Colonel Evens where they had been freighting, were killed by Indians about 60 miles below the Fort.

A Private letter to the New Mexican states that two virulent cases of small pox have occurred in Albuquerque.

San Francisco, March 8th.

Greenbacks, 76½ buying, 77½ selling.

Dissolution Notice.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name and firm of BROWN & BOSSELLE is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm of Brown & Bosselle will please settle up their accounts with Mr. CHAS. O BROWN, who has assumed the payment of all the debts of said firm.

THE CONGRESS HALL will hereafter be conducted by the proprietor, Mr. Chas. O. Brown, hence the former patronage of the establishment can rest assured that no pains will be spared to make them perfectly satisfied.

{ CHARLES O. BROWN.
{ JOE J. BOSSELLE.

Tucson, A. T. April 4th 1869

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

ON Monday, April 5th 1869, will be sold at Public Auction, at 11 o'clock, a. m., at the Saloon of Mr. F. M. Hodges, the dwelling house and lot of Hiram W. Fellows, deceased. This is a first class piece of property and worthy the attention of any one desiring to buy a home. Full particulars may be learned regarding the property by inquiring of the undersigned. Terms cash.

C. H. LORD,
Executor.

Tucson, A. T., March 28, 1869-2w.

BLACKSMITH AND WAGON SHOP,

PEARL ST. TUCSON, A. T.

Wagons are made and repaired at this establishment and everything in the Blacksmith line done with promptness and dispatch.

SWEENY & ETCHEL, Proprietors.

Jan. 1st, '69

THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN

SUNDAY, APRIL 4, 1869.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS.

Captain Whipple, from Camp Crittenden, is in town.

REVEREND J. W. Fleming, from Florence, will have Divine Service in the Court House at 3 o'clock on Sunday evening.

WE publish this week, the report of the Territorial Treasurer. It will, doubtless, be satisfactory, as it is creditable to the taxpayers throughout the Territory, to find that, not only have the current expenses of the Territory, during the time reported, been liquidated but a very considerable amount of its former debt has also been cleared away.

EPIDEMIC EXTREME.—Start from the corner of Goldberg & Co's store and travel down Main St., to the corner of Franklin, observe the heels of every gentleman's boots before you, as you go—do this and you will find but few straight heels upon the route. Now this is not owing to any mal-formation about that particular extremity; but, for it you are indebted to the supervisors who look with unconcern at the principal street running for two full blocks, transversely on the side of a declivity.

PRIVATE LETTERS.—This mode of communicating general news is, to some editors, a real blessing: for instance, the paper published in Prescott receives by "private letters" all the news from Pima county—news which, in many instances, was not known in Pima county, outside the office of the ARIZONIAN, until published though this paper. Now, as we often read our publications in the Prescott paper under "private letter" we very justly conclude that the writer copies his article from the ARIZONIAN and sends it to the *Miner* while he is ignorant of the fact that we exchange with that paper(?)

OFFICE CHIEF QR. MASTER
SUB. DISTRICT OF TUCSON,
Tucson, A. T., March 20th, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE

will be received at this April 1869, for the delivery of FORAGE at the following named places, viz:

	GRAIN, lbs.	HAY, lbs
Tucson Depot, A T.	1,000 000.	1,600,000.
Camp Crittenden, "	67. ,000.	1,0?2.000.
" Goodwin, "	600.000.	970 000.
" Grant, "	565,000.	900,000.
" Bowie, "	550,000.	860.000.
" Wallen, "	540 000.	825,000.
TOTAL.....	3,930,000.	6,237,000.

Bids will be received separately for the whole amount to be delivered at each place mentioned above or any part thereof, and bidders will state separately their price per pound in gold coin, for Hay as well as for each kind of Grain; also the amount of Hay and the amount of each kind of Grain they may be able to deliver.

No bids for WHEAT will be entertained.

Bidders will give their names in full as well as their places of residence, and the proposals must be accompanied by a Bond for Two Thousand ($2 000) Dollars, signed by at least two responsible persons as a guaranty, that in case a contract is awarded to the party or parties proposing, the contract will be accepted and entered into.

The Hay must be of the best quality the country affords, free from Roots, Sticks and Dirt and must be well stacked in such places, as the Quartermasters at the places named above may direct.

The grain must be well cleaned and free from all foreign substances and must be delivered in Bulk.

The delivery of the Hay and Grain to commence immediately on notification by the undersigned.

None but the bids of persons of undoubted loyalty to the United States Government will be entertained, and the undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all bids offered.

Each proposal must be signed by two responsible persons who will become sureties for the faithful performance of the contract.

Each contract will be subject to the approval of the District, Department and Division Commanders.

By order of Br. BRIG. GEN. DEVIN.
Com'dg Sub District of Tucson.
GILBERT C. SMITH,
Capt. & Asst. Qur. Mr., U. S. A.
Chief Quartermaster, Sub District.
13:4w

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER
Department of California,

417 KEARNY STREET,
San Francisco Cal., February 26, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this Office until 12, m., on the FIFTEENTH day of APRIL, 1869, for the transportation of GOVERNMENT STORES to the following posts, as follows:

* * * * * *

For receiving stores at Tucson depot, A. T. and transporting the same to such posts as are, or may be its dependencies.

Bids to state the PRICE PER POUND, IN GOLD COIN, for ONE HUNDRED (100) MILES.

Bids to be addressed either to me or to CAPTAIN G. C. SMITH, A. Q. M., at Tucson.

* * * * * *

All bids to be made in triplicate, with a copy of the advertisement attached to each bid, and no bid will be received unless accompanied by a deposit of two thousand dollars, as a guaranty that the bidder will take the contract if awarded to him.

Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of the bids.

No contract made under this advertisement will be considered in force until approved by the Department and Division commanders.

The right to reject bids is reserved, if considered for the good of the service.

Any information in reference to the freight to be transported, routes, etc., can be had on application at this office.

HENRY C. HODGES,
Byt. Lieut. Col. and Q. M., U. S. A.
Act'g Ch'f Q. M., Dept. Cal.
m20 4w

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Joaquin Tapia, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, administrators of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers, within one year from the date of this notice to L. B. WOOSTER, at his store in the town of Tubac, in the county of Pima, or to PHILIP DRACHMAN at his store in the town of Tucson, in said county.

Dated at Tucson, A. T.,
March 22d, 1869.
PHILIP DRACHMAN
L. B. WOOSTER } Administrators.
bw

NOTICE.

Territory of Arizona,
County of Pima.

To the unknown heirs of Thomas F. McLean, deceased, their guardians, agents, &c., and all other persons interested:

You are hereby notified that upon a final settlement of the estate of said deceased, had in the Probate Court of said County and Territory, on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1869, a balance of nine hundred and thirteen dollars and eighty-eight cents, was found due said estate, and remaining in the hands of Soloman Warner, the administrator thereof.

The undersigned having been appointed by said Probate Court, as an agent to take possession and charge of said moneys—and having given bond as required by law, will hold the same for the term of one year subject to the claim and demand of the lawful heirs of said deceased.

At the expiration of one year, said moneys, if uncalled for, will be paid into the Territorial Treasury of said Territory in accordance with the statutes in such cases made and provided.

Tucson, March 19th 1869.

JOHN B. ALLEN,
Agent and
12-tf Territorial Treasurer.

HIRAM S. STEVENS

Camp Crittenden, A. T.

WOULD respectfully give notice to the trading public in and around Camp Crittenden, that I have just received a large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, DRUGS, MEDICINES

and all kinds of necessary articles, for

OFFICERS, SOLDIERS and CITIZENS

Direct from San Francisco.

which I propose to sell to all at the very

LOWEST PRICES

at my store, at Camp Crittenden, Arizona.
Jan 1 1869.

DR. N. P. RICHARDSON.
Office Richardson's Hotel
TUCSON, A. T.

NOTICE.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE,
UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
DISTRICT OF ARIZONA.

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with provisions of Internal Revenue Laws, Act of July 13th 1866, paragraph 37, that appeals relative to any erroneous or excessive assessments or taxes for 1869, made in this district, by the Assistant Assessors, will be received and determined at my office, in Prescott, each day, during business hours, from the fifteenth to the thirty-first day of March.

All appeals must be made in writing, specifying the particular cause, matter, or thing, respecting which a decision is requested, and stating the error complained of.

Communications sent by mail will receive immediate attention.

HENRY A. BIGELOW.
Assessor District of Arizona.
Prescott, March 2, 1869. 12-tw.

HINTON, HOOPER, & CO.

San Francisco and Fort Yuma, California,
Arizona City, Maricopa Wells, Sacaton,
Sweet Water and Camp McDowell,
Arizona.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise.

Forwarding and Commission Merchants.

We wish to call the attention of the public generally, and Merchants, particularly, to our facilities for Wholesaleing and Jobbing at LOW RATES.

We keep constantly on hand at

ARIZONA CITY

The largest and most General Stock of Goods in the Territory, or in any one House south of San Francisco.

COMPRISING EVERYTHING THE COUNTRY REQUIRES.

All our goods are either imported directly or bought of direct importers. We buy nothing from second hands; thereby saving the San Francisco Jobber's Profit which is

ALL WE ASK TO MAKE.

"Live and Let Live,"

is our motto. Our terms are,

CASH, EXCLUSIVELY, and for cash,

we are always in readiness to supply Dealers, rancheros, & others, with goods, in jobbing lots at

Unprecedentedly Low for cash

HINTON, HOOPER & CO.
Arizona City Dec. 19, 1868-tf.

E. N. FISH, Tucson,
S. SILVENBURG, San Francisco

E. N. FISH, & CO.,

West side, Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

We keep constantly on hand the largest and most general stock of goods in the Territory south of the Gila.

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries Provisions, Hardware, Liquors in Bbls. and cases, Cigars and Tobacco, &c., &c, which we are offering at exceedingly low prices.

Jan, 1, '69. 32tf

M. I. JACOBS, 221 Sansome St., San Francisco.
L. M. JACOBS, Tucson, A. T.

M. I. JACOBS & CO.

DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDIZE

Main Street, Tucson, A. T

OFFER for sale at a great reduction from ruling prices, an extensive variety of goods, specially selected for, and adapted to this market.

January 2d 1869-tf.

TUCSON RESTAURANT!

On Main Street (opposite Lesinsky & Co's store)
TUCSON, A. T.

THE proprietors would announce to the public that they are now prepared to entertain their guests with the choicest viands of the season and everything which the market can supply in the finest style and shortest notice.

Gentlemen can be accommodated with Hot Coffee, Chocolate, Pies Cakes and Oysters at all hours. Open day and night.

FARRELL and TRASK Proprietors
March 1st 1869. tf

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

NOTICE is hereby given that in conformity with instructions received from the Collector of Customs for the District of Paso del Norte, importers will hereafter be required to pay duties on all supplies imported for the use of the United States Troops, whether delivered under public or private contract.

J. F. STONE,
Deputy Collector.
Tucson, A. T., Sept 22, 1868. tf

THE HODGES' HOUSE LOTTERY

A Hotel Building FOR TWENTY DOLLARS!

WILL BE DISPOSED OF AT LOTTERY,
350 CHANCES AT $20 EACH.

On or before

the 15th day of April 1869.

THE large and well furnished building belonging to F. M. Hodges, situated on Main street, in that town, known as the Hodges' House and heretofore used and occupied as a Hotel. The House contains Twelve large and commodious rooms, fronts Two hundred and thirty-five feet on two streets has all necessary outbuildings and a garden of about half an acre attached. The building has and always will, from its desirable location, command constant occupancy at a good rent, and in conformity with the desires of a number of persons, be disposed of at Public Lottery, by the 15th of April next, or as soon as all the tickets are sold. The property being entirely unincumbered, will be ceded and delivered to the person winning, immediately on the result of the lottery being declared; and to satisfy all that the proceedings connected with the lottery will be honorably and fairly conducted, reference is made to the following prominent citizens of Tucson, under whose direction or that of any committee whom the holders of tickets may select the Lottery will be drawn.

Reference,

COL. J P T CARTER, Secretary of the Ter
CAPT. G C SMITH, U. S. A.
LORD & WILLIAMS, Merchants
E N FISH & CO "
M I JACOBS & CO "
GOLDBERG & CO "
TULLY & OCHOA "
GOODWIN & SANDERS "

Tucson, January 24, 1869—12t.

CASH STORE!
GOLDBERG & CO

North-east corner Main and Vine Sts
TUCSON, A. T.

HAVING received a new supply of Summer and Fall Goods, embracing a general and complete assortment of Dry goods, Fancy good; Ladies dress goods, of every description, Hats and Caps, Cloaks and Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hardware and Crockery, Groceries and Provisions, etc., etc. We adhere to a cash system and sell our goods remarkably low. Give us a call.

tf. Jan. 1, '69

F H Goodwin — Adam Sanders

GOODWIN & SANDERS,

Dealers in General Merchandise
TUCSON, A. T.

HAVE this day on hand and are constantly receiving, a large stock of goods selected

EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET,

consisting in part of

Dry Goods and Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Military Furnishing goods of all descriptions, Staple and Fancy Goods, Belts, Pistols, Powder, Percussion caps, &c., &c., which they will sell cheap for cash.

Thankful for past favors they respectfully solicit continuance of public patronage.

Jan. 1, 1869-tf.

P. H. TULLY. — ESTEVAN OCHOA

TULLY & OCHOA.

Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

HEREBY give notice to their friends and the public generally that they have received direct from the East a full and complete stock of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c.,

and are prepared to sell at as reasonable terms as any merchants in the Territory. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Jan 1st 1869.

TAKE NOTICE!

NEW GOODS

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK

WE would respectfully announce to the people of Tucson and vicinity, that we have on hand a large and well assorted STOCK OF MERCHANDISE GROCERIES, &c., also, best EL PASO WINE and VINEGAR, which we offer for sale at the lowest figures.

H. LESINSKY, & CO.,
East side Main Street Tucson, A. T.
Jan. 1st '69. tf.

CONTINENTAL BILLIARD SALOON.

BY TODD, CULVER & DURFEE.

The Best South of San Francisco.
Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

THE best of WINES LIQUORS and CIGARS Imported direct for this House—kept constantly on hand, for sale

Wholesale and Retail.

The BILLIARD TABLES are new and of the latest style

The proprietors will take special pains to have everything of the best, and invite the prompt attention to their customers.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Jan. 24, '69, 21-3m.

The following interrogation and reply regarding the "necessity of parties to make application to pay special taxes—without waiting *for notice*," we copy (at the request of a gentleman of this place) from the Internal Revenue *Record*:

Editor of *Record*.

Will you be kind enough to briefly answer a few questions through your paper.

Are Assistant Assessors required to run after and beg tax payers to list their taxes?

The law has been in operation long enough for those living in towns to know, that when commencing business, it is their duty to report to the Assistant Assessor. Is it the duty of the Assistant to be jogging their memory when they know he is in town and at his office?

What is the proper course to be pursued with those, who being notified by the Assistant fail to come up and register with him. Is it lawful to make assessments from former lists, or from information and return it accordingly?

It appears to me that the Assessor of the district should cause a list of those failing, or refusing to report, to be furnished him, and let him have them dealt with as they deserve?

* * * * * * *

Asst. Assessor.

Parties beginning or continuing in business are not entitled to be notified by the Assistant Assessor, but being presumed to know the law it is incumbent upon them to comply with it, or suffer the consequences. If they are ignorant they must make inquiry and inform themselves. It is, nevertheless, the duty of an Assistant Assessor to see that no one does business without paying proper tax, and ordinarily he notifies beginners coming under his observation. If they are heedless, his duty is to assess them upon the best information he has, under Sec. 14 of the Act, and add 50 per cent. to the special tax assessed. He ought also, as you suggest, report them through the Collector to the U. S. District Attorney for prosecution criminally, or recovery of penalty imposed by law.

General Items.

The mercury fell to 38 degrees below zero at Concord, N. H., on the 6th ult.

Rev Henry Giles has been compelled by poverty to sell his library at public auction in Boston.

Hon. A. H. Stevens is fast recovering from his recent injury.

The Reed impeachment farce cost the State of Florida $23,000.

Grasshoppers have already made their appearance in Waco, Texas.

Philip II, of Spain, first suggested cutting a canal across the isthmus of Darien, in A. D 1528.

Lately, a steed was driven along Broadway, N. Y., without reins, bit or bridle.

The recent carnival of legs and spraggles in New York has given way to the legitimate drama.

A young Connecticutter was born with no passage between his mouth and stomach.

A great many innocents have been broken on the wheel since velocipedes came into practise.

George W. Bacon is a Boston printer who has worked sixty years at the case and is still at it.

Among the names to a petition for the pardon of Captain Braine, is that of General Fremont.

Gen. Reynolds opposes the project of dividing Texas.

The Chicago women's rights women, are to have an organ called The Agitator.

Brick Pomeroy will vibrate between his La Cresse and New York Democrats.

Hyron, Shelley, Geo. H. Sheridan and others, have gone to Washington, &c.

The edict is announced in Paris that fashion has determined to abolish the chignon.

Tennyson was recently presented a golden wreath in Paris.

Real estate sale in New York on the 23d ult. $1,200,000.

The New Englanders, when they want to describe an ill-tempered beauty, say "she is good looking but ugly."

President Johnson has been invited to deliver a valedictory oration at the next commencement of Davidson's college, North Carolina.

While a colored preacher was baptising a convert, at Augusta Georgia, the other day, one of the deacons stole his boots.

The Boston Herald has a daily circulation of over fifty thousand, and Journal forty thousand. The others all come under thirty thousand.

Queen Victoria intends to build a very large asylum for poor widows, near Coburg.

The Maine legislature is considering a measure to punish "baggage masters" by fine and imprisonment.

The Springfield Republican says that Anthony Trollope "wavers between being a man of great talent and a noodle."

Rachel's daughters sell their "beautiful forever" decorations in Paris while their mother languishes in Newgate.

The Texas Vindicator is said to be the only paper in the State with sufficient gallantry to espouse the cause of woman's rights.

Daniel Pratt, the great American traveller, has been elected delegate to represent the Yale students at the inaugural ball.

The question whether Beecher said swear words in his pulpit is still mooted. His own cousin, a baptist comes out and says he knows Ward says it was "d—d hot."

The Belgian papers say that the health of the French Prince imperial is failing, and that Louis Napoleon now despairs of making him his successor.

The London Telegraph calls the exhibition of the Siamese twins a "cold-blooded contempt of all that is reverent, all that is pitiful, all that is ordinarily human," and wants the authorities to forbid it.

THE RICHARDSON HOUSE

BY

DR. & MRS. N. P. RICHARDSON.

HAVING leased the above named Hotel, we are prepared to accommodate the public.

A thorough renovation has taken place, the rooms are kept clean and airy, and no pains will be spared to make the patrons of the House comfortable.

The table shall be furnished with the best he market affords.

Terms.

Board and Lodging per week	$20, 00.
Board without Lodging	16, 00
Single meals	1 00

Terms cash. All bills payable weekly

Tucson, Jan 1, '69.

SOUTHERN OVERLAND U. S. MAIL.

And Express Line From Mesilla N. M. to Tucson, A. T.

THE undersigned will run a weekly two-horse buggy between the above points, connecting at Mesilla, with stages for Santa Fe and the East, El Paso, and San Antonio, Texas; and at Tucson, with the Los Angeles and San Diego Semi-Weekly Stage Line, and the Weekly line for Hermosillo and Guaymas, Sonora; making a connected stage line for any point in the United States on the Pacific or Atlantic slopes of the continent, and points in northern and and central Mexico

Particular attention paid to Express matter and comfort of Passengers.

The company are responsible for all Express matter sent by their line except against Indians

Buggies leave Tucson and Mesilla every Sunday at 4 o'clock, p. m.

C. H. LORD, Passenger and Express Agent, Tucson, A. T.

DAVIS & BARELLA.

42-3t. La Mesilla, N. M

District Court Notice

IN the District Court for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona.

Territory of Arizona, vs John D. Allen, Territorial Treasurer for the Territory of Arizona, Coles Bashford, and Charles H. Lord Territorial Auditor.

To Coles Bashford one of the defendant above named:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the District Court, for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona, to answer the complaint of Granville H Oury Attorney General for said Territory, in an action for injunction, to enjoin the presentation for payment of certain Territorial Bond and Warrant numbering the following: Territorial Bonds, Nos 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 107 109 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150, and Territorial Warrants numbering 42 51 52 55 105 and 106.

You are hereby required to answer the complaint herein filed within four months from the publication hereof, and to serve a copy thereof upon Granville H. Oury, at his office in Tucson, in said county and Territory, within the time above specified.

And you are also notified that if you fail to answer the complaint of the plaintiff within the four months aforesaid, judgment will be taken against you by default, and application made to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

L. S. Given under my hand and the seal of said District Court, at Tucson, this 14th day of January, A. D. 1869.

OSCAR BUCKALEW, Clerk.

3-4mo.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN

ESTABLISHMENT!

TUCSON, A. T.

The only Newspaper published in the Territory of Arizona

South of the Rio Gila.

Having lately received a

LARGE SUPPLY of NEW MATERIAL,

we are prepared to execute

ALL KINDS OF JOB-WORK,

POSTERS,

PAPMHLETS,

BILL-HEADS,

LETTER-HEADINGS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

CIRCULARS,

HAND-BILLS, &c

upon the shortest notice, and as reasonable as can be done this side of San Francisco.

We would particularly recommend our sheet to merchants in San Francisco Cal. and New York, having business correspondence in this section, as the only advertising medium in the Territory, south of the Rio Gila, and as Tucson is in a section of

GREAT COMMERCIAL IMPORTANCE,

It is for the interest of every Business House that wishes to get a share of the trade, to advertise in our columns; therefore, send in your orders.

Address "Weekly Arizonian," Tucson, A. T

SHERRY & DOOR, Publishers

PUBLIC NOTICE!

ALL persons are warned against trespassing on the property of the MOWRY SILVER MINE. Work will be resumed as soon as possible, and the condition of the country will justify it. The property has been placed in charge of the Military authorities of the United States, by order of General Grant, U. S. A. Commander-in-chief, at the request of the undersigned. All just and legitimate claims against the Company will be settled upon resumption of work. The undersigned relies upon his friends in Arizona to see that the spirit of this notice is carried out.

SYLVESTER MOWRY.

President M. Mowry Silver Mining Co.

New York, Oct 4, '67. tf.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

NOTICE is hereby given that in conformity with instructions received from the Collector of Customs for the District of Paso del Norte, importers will hereafter be required to pay duties on all supplies imported for the use of the United States Troops, whether delivered under public or private contract.

J. F. STONE, Deputy Collector.

Tucson, A. T., Sept 22, 1868. tf

F. M. HODGES,

MAIN STREET

TUCSON. A. T.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large supply of the best brand of Liquors and Cigars.

Jan. 1st, '69 tf.

NEW GOODS!

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

AT THE

SUTLER STORE,

CAMP BOWIE, (Apache Pass.)

A Good Supply for travelers. tf.

ARIZONA OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

1869.

Federal Officers.

Governor—Richard C McCormick, Tucson.
Secretary—James P. T. Carter
Chief Justice—William F Turner, Prescott.
Associate " Henry T. Backus, Tucson.
" Harley H. Carter, La Paz.
Marshal—Edward Phelps, Tucson.
Sup't. Indians—George W. Dent, La Paz.
Surveyor General Sherman Day, San Francisco
District Attorney—Tucson.
Assessor—Henry A. Bigelow, Prescott.
Collector—Levi Bashford, "
Dep't Collector Customs—J. F. Stone, Tucson
Receiver of the Land Office-Oscar Buckalew.

Territorial Officers.

Auditor—Charles H Lord, Tucson,
Treasurer—John B. Allen "
Attorney General—James E McCaffrey "
Delegate to Congress—Coles Bashford "

County Officers.

PIMA COUNTY.

Probate Judge—John S Thayer
Sheriff—Peter R Brady
District Attorney—Granville H. Oury
Treasurer—Sidney R DeLong
Recorder—Oscar Buckalew.
Supervisors—John W Sweeney, E. N. Fish, John G. Capron.
Public Administrator—Chas. H Meyers
county seat—Tucson.

YAVAPAI COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Hezikiah Brooks.
Sheriff—A John Moore.
District Attorney—John M Rountree.
Treasurer—William Corv
Recorder—John H Behan
Supervisors—John G Campbell,

YUMA COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Joseph B. Tuttle.
Sheriff—David King.
District Attorney—Marcus D Dobbins.
Treasurer—Robert Coles
Recorder—Peter Dolf
Supervisors—W Ravona, C. Gross, M. Castinado
Public Administrator—John Doe.
county seat—La Paz

MOHAVE COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Wm. L Haskell
Sheriff—E H Smith
Treasurer—E M McCarty
Recorder—James P Bull
Supervisors—John Pearce, William Forrest Chas Atchinson.
Dis't. Att'y.—A J Davis.
county Seat—Hardyville.

PAH UTE COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Daniel M Thomas.
Sheriff—
Treasurer—
Recorder—
Supervisors—
county seat—St. Thomas.

Notaries Public.

Pima Co.—William S Laxter Maricopa Wells Mortimer R. Platt, Prescott; John M. Cass, Apache Pass; J. B. McKenne, Florence;
Yavapai Co.—Henry W Fleury, Prescott; W. P. Ferris, Wickenburg; Thos J L Hague, Prescott; J M Lenzarder, Camp McDowell.
Yuma Co.—Charles H. Brinley, Arizona City; H. D. Dobbs, La Paz.
Mohave Co.—Mark Ulrich, Tucson.
Pima Co.—Mark Ulrich, Tucson.
Yuma Co.—Thos. J. Bidwell, La Paz.
Yavapai Co.—George Blunt, Prescott; W. R. Ferris, Wickenburg

Deputy Collectors.

Pima Co.—P R Brady Tucson.
Yuma Co.—Robt. Coles, La Paz.
Mohave Co.—Jno. P. Bull, Mohave City.

Places and Times of Holding Courts.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Judge Buckalew—Oscar Buckalew, Clerk.

In Tucson, Pima county, commencing on the first Monday in April, and first Monday in October.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Judge Carter— Clerk.

In La Paz, Yuma county, commencing on the first Monday in March and first Monday in September

In St Thomas, Pah Ute County, commencing on the 3d Monday in June.

In Hardyville, Mohave county, commencing on first Monday in January, and first Monday in June

THIRD DISTRICT.

Judge Turner—Leonard W Wells, Clerk.

In Prescott, Yavapai county, commencing on the first Monday in April and first Monday in October.

LEGISLATIVE COURT.

One term in each year at the Capital, commencing on the first Wednesday after beginning of the regular annual session of the Legislature. Oscar Buckalow, Clerk.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN.

New Series. Tucson, A. T., Sunday, April 11, 1869. Vol. 2. No. 15

THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN

A Weekly Journal, devoted to the interests of Arizona Territory.

Published every Sunday Morning, by
SHERRY & DOONER.

Terms of Subscription,

One Copy, one year	$7,00
One copy, six months	$4,00
One copy for three months	2,00
Single numbers, each	25

Subscriptions must be paid invariably in advance

Advertising Rates.

Two dollars per square for the first insertion and one dollar for each subsequent insertion

M. R. PLATT, J. E. McCAFFERY
PLATT & McCAFFREY.
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW
TUCSON, A. T.
January 2d 1869-tf

CHAS. H. LORD, W. W. WILLIAMS
LORD & WILLIAMS.
HAVING just brought on from New York fresh and
CHOICE STOCK OF MERCHANDISE,
are offering the same very cheap for cash.
Look at our goods and prices.
tf Jan. 1, '69.

JNO. S. THAYER,
(Licensed)
—Auctioneer—
Office at the store of JUAN FERNANDES
MAIN STREET, TUCSON,
Dec. 26, 1868-tf.

G. H. OURY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Office in Court house Building
TUCSON, A. T.
aug4:67 tf

WHEAT'S SALOON.
The undersigned having leased the above Saloon, is prepared to furnish his friends and
Liquors and Cigars.
AUGUSTUS BRICHTA.
Jan 30, 1869.

PIONEER BUTCHER SHOP.
GEORGE F. FOSTER.
at the OLD STAND on Main Street,
TUCSON, A. T.
IS ready to supply all customers in his line with as good beef and at as low rates as can be done elsewhere town.
Jan. 1st 1869

PIONEER BREWERY,
TUCSON, A. T.
LAGER BEER, ALE and PORTER
Constantly on hand.
A. LEVIN & J. GOLDTREE.
March 14, 1869—11-tf.

CAMP GRANT STORE!
THE undersigned would respectfully announce that they have just opened a new stock of goods consisting of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c.
and are prepared to sell on the "live and let live" principle.
Would also announce to those persons desirous to settle upon the Lower San Pedro, that they are proprietors of a large Acequia, and will allow water to be taken from it by actual settlers free of charge
ISRAEL & COX.
Camp Grant, A. T., Oct. 2d 1868. tf

BLACKSMITH AND WAGON SHOP,
PEARL ST. TUCSON, A. T.
Wagons are made and repaired at this establishment and everything in the Blacksmith line done with promptness and dispatch.
—SWEENY & ETCHEL, Proprietors.
Jan. 1st, '69

THOMAS M. YERKES,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANT
Tubac, A. T.
KEEPS constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, which will be sold reasonable, and a LIBERAL CREDIT GIVEN. Grain taken in exchange, for goods at market prices.
Jan 1st 1868. tf.

THE LAME BOY.

FROM THE GERMAN.

"The school is out! A merry throng
Bounds o'er the meadows, wild and free,
Like bees that hum their summer song:
One follows slowly—lame is he.

High flies the ball; hands, feet are quick,
'Tis caught. How loud the shout of glee!
The poor lame boy, with aspect meek,
Along the bank limps quietly.

"With all the rest you'd gladly roam?"
"Oh, no, sir," smiling, answered he,
"Playmates enough I have at home—
You'll hear them calling after me.

"I have a starling who can speak,
He'll bid me welcome, I can tell;
My linnett's leg is far from weak,
He draws his bucket from the well.

"But when your schooling time is past
Some trade you'll have to choose, you'll see.
I'll cobble shoes, and have a last;
No matter then how lame I be.

"Money I'll get when I grow tall,
And birds I'll buy for company;
While working I shall hear them all,
Nor will my lame leg trouble me."

Now peering from the cottage door
His mother's smiling face I see;
She loves her puny cripple more
Than if his limbs were strong and free.

The linnet sang; the starling came
And welcomed him with voice of glee.
I turned away and owned with shame,
The poor lame boy had tutored me.

In Arizona.

(Correspondence of the San Bernardino Guardian.)

FORT MOJAVE, March 8, 1869.

DEAR GUARDIAN: I have been delayed here much longer than I anticipated, owing to the fact that some of our party, whose business compelled them to tarry a few days at La Paz, were detained on the road, at Camp Colorado, strong resemblance, detected by the Captain of that Post, between one of our party and a military man—probably Gen. McDowell or Gen. Carleton—who, at some prior time, had been more intimately connected with the service in Arizona, and, having gone fishing and hunting on the Lower Agua Frio" (a favorite pastime among the military in this country) had forgotten to return! After three days' scrutiny, however, of the features of our unfortunate comrade, and the earnest protestations of his comrades that he was not a runaway soldier—but the direct opposite, an honest miner—the board of officers which had taken bid decided to "let him slide" but to capture his mule—upon the left shoulder of which they clearly discerned those potent letters, "U. S." Here was more trouble, but, ah me! this world is full of trouble. Summoning courage and all hands, before a Justice in the neighborhood, and procuring the services of a scientific barber, the hair of the animal was shaven from the brand. Instead of the magic mark of Uncle Sam, a very correct outline of the map of Great Britain appeared, covering a large space on the left shoulder. This served as a damper. They struck their colors and retired from the contest. The mule was duly surrendered, and the party graciously permitted to proceed on their journey to White Pine without further annoyance.

Some faint idea may be formed of the vastness of the deposits of precious metals in Arizona, when I mention only those ranges of mountains which have been prospected to an exceedingly limited extent, and in which ledges have been found assaying all the way from $30 to 3,000 per ton—and yet, aside from the Vulture mine in Wickenburg district, none have been worked beyond the sinking of a shaft of sufficient depth to prove the existence of metal, or, more particularly for the purpose of holding legal possession. There is no kind of doubt but that the day is coming when the yield of precious metals from this Territory will compare favorably with the countries to the north of us. The thieving murdering Apache alone stands in the way. As for climate—both winter and summer—generally speaking, it is unsurpassed; and when the mines are opened and the work begins in earnest, no country in the world presents finer opportunity for full labor than does Arizona. Labor can be continued without interruption throughout the entire year. The following are some of the mountain ranges upon which hundreds of claims have been taken: Low Range, between the Gila and Colorado rivers, bearing gold; foothills on both sides of the Gila, gold; Castle Dome mountains, argentiferous galena; Chimney Peak, gold; Plumosa range, twelve miles east of and parallel with the La Paz mountains, gold, lead and copper; William's Fork mountains, copper; Sacramento District, all above William's Fork mountains, gold, copper and lead; Haquchela, 25 miles east of Plumosa, gold, copper and silver; Hequevar, twelve miles north of Harsyampa, gold, Weaver mountains on the head waters of Hassyampa, gold; Wickenburg Vulture mine, 24 miles east of Haquchela, gold; Bradshaw mountains, east of Weaver, gold and copper; Prescott mountains, north of Weaver and Bradshaw, gold, silver and copper. Of the mountains north and east of Prescott and the Tonto Basin, little is known.

* * * *

PIKE

Chinese and Morality.

The Los Angeles *News* publishes the following extract from the *Call*, in regard to Chinese in San Francisco:

"The cunning of the Chinese is proverbial, and from the following particulars it will be seen that they are living illustrations of the axiom "where there is a will there is a way." The importation of Chinese women has caused nearly all the crimes known in the calendar from simple assault to red-handed murder, and the end is not yet. It is impossible to get the truth from the parties, because each one is bound to tell his story to suit himself. Soon after the arrival of the Japan, some six weeks or two months ago, quite a number of females that had been imported by one of the Jackson street companies, were abducted by other Chinese, and writs of *habeas corpus* were obtained to regain possession; some of the women were hidden away so securely that the officers have not yet been able to discover their whereabouts. The greater portion of them were taken before Justice Pennie by their abductors, where they were married to persons found furnished by the abducting party. They imagined that by this means they would be able to hold them against the importers after a time they were taken before Judge Sawyer, on writs of *habeas corpus*. Here the developments showed that the women had been married to parties in China before they sailed for California, and that they, after arriving, had been married to other parties. The Court endeavored to impress upon the poor women that they were in a land of liberty; that they were free to go and come; that no one had the slightest right to interfere with them, and finally told them they could go with whomsoever they desired. The result was that the women, in every instance went away under the protection of their first husbands, or the persons who had married them in China and imported them, leaving the persons who married them here wifeless. It was thought that this would put an end to the squabble for possession, but those who imagined so did not understand Chinese character.—They waited until the matter had apparently been forgotten, when they began to move again. A warrant for the arrest of one of the women on a charge of bigamy was procured, and the woman taken into custody by an officer. He had no sooner lodged her in prison than some of the friends of those who had caused her arrest appeared at the prison, and filing a bail bond for her appearance, she was released and went away with them. They had used this means to get the woman into their clutches, and had sed the officers of the law to effect their purposes. Yesterday the real husband of the woman was running about in a state of great excitement, endeavoring to find his wife, and warrants for her recapture and the arrest of her abductors have been issued, but they have not been served, up to the hour of going to press. The Chinese would make good politicians. Their shrewdness would eminently fit them for Convention trickeries, and we are are not surprised at our Republicans desiring to clothe them with the elective franchise."

To those who are willing to credit the foregoing artifice, to the fertility of Chinese brain, that individual will doubtless appear a shining light; but we are somewhat sceptical in this matter. We not long since, read an article in a San Francisco paper, condemning the part taken by a legal gentleman of that city in behalf of some Chinamen, who were anxious to obtain possession of some China women, just arrived from the East. We therefore think that if the origin of the foregoing "shrewdness" were left bare to the public, but very little tribute could, in this matter, be awarded the shrewdness of the Oriental.

GLADIATORIAL.

The New York *Herald* of March 10th publishes the details of the pugilistic engagement for the petticoat championship of America. The fight came off about six miles from Boston, between Sally Chapman and Mary Anne Jones, two abandoned women of that city. The affair is one of the most degraded and pitiful of which we ever read, and is universally condemned, and justly so. The *Herald* speaks of it in the following terms:

"In a Boston letter elsewhere we give the latest news from that Athens of America; that self-boasted centre of all the refinement, culture and morality of the country; the capitol of puritanical severity in all the proprieties of life. Never was there witnessed a more disgraceful, degrading and brutal spectacle than the affair thus chronicled as occurring in the capital of New England. Much has been heard of the degradation of the vile of this city—the prize fighters and gougers and dogs fighters and ruffians of every stamp—but as yet vice has not yet gotten here so far down as to match two wretched women to such an encounter as that to which our ruffians pit their dogs. This acme of human disgrace was reserved for Boston and the land of ibis and progress and woman's rights. In future chronicles of the great women of Massachusetts we must not forget Sally Chapman and Molly Jones and their gentle encounter of an hour and a quarter.

Terrible Accident.

On Tuesday evening an explosion occurred on the steamer Chrysopolis as she was approaching her dock in this city, by which fourteen men were injured, some of them severely. The Emmett Guards of Sacramento came down on the boat to participate in the celebration of St. Patrick's Day, and were received by the McMahon Grenadier guards. As the Chrysopolis was about entering her moorings the McMahon's fired a salute of one gun which was answered from the boat. Arrangements were being made on the boat to fire a second gun, and for the purpose a man was sent to bring some powder which lay in a ten pound canister, between the mail room and the kitchen on the lower deck. The man sent for the purpose is said to have been smoking a cigar, and while bringing out a canister it exploded, bursting out the door of the mail room, shattering the side of the saloon, and blackening the paint on the side of the vessel for some distance. Fourteen men were injured, some very seriously.
—San Francisco *Dispatch*.

The quicksilver mines of Almaden, in Spain, yield annually 22,000 cwts of quicksilver.

In 1868 the average yield of hay per acre in Massachusetts was 1.37 ton.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN

SUNDAY APRIL 11, 1869.

NO PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The madness of a company in engaging to build a practicable road over the route of the Union Pacific, and the blindness of Congress in giving almost unlimited support to the *enterprise* are now apparent to all.

From an extract published in the San Diego *Union*, it would appear that the new Commissioners, appointed by President Grant are men who will not overlook careless workmanship in the construction of the road. As all accounts agree in condemning the reckless manner in which the work had been thrown together under the former Commissioners, their removal was, doubtless, a very judicious act—and, if the manner in which the work should be conducted, were the only matter to be considered, as involving the destiny of the road, success must necessarily follow. But a road practicable at all seasons can never be had through a region where the snow, at places, accumulates to the depth of from 20 to 30 feet. Not only is the passage of trains precluded, but the lives of entire trains of passengers are jeopardized, as it is even possible that trains may be snowed under while passing through the Rocky Mountain region. Several hundred passengers are even now detained somewere in this region exposed to the inclemency of its winter. There are certainly very few who would be willing to expose themselves to the asperities of this region, by a trip on the Union Pacific railroad, if a Southern road were in operation. A road practicable only at certain seasons can never be the principal or popular, while one at all seasons practicable is in operation. These considerations are not lost on railroad men, and we may look for speedy and vigorous work upon the Southern line, subsidy or no subsidy from the government. The inducements are ample to encourage its completion by private enterprise.

Congress, while hoodwinked by misrepresentations, has been guilty of liberality even to extravagance; and now, after having subsidized the Union Pacific road to the amount of about thirty million dollars, discovers that it is a failure—as may be seen by the following pitiful extract from the report of a Special Committee of the Senate:

"There remains a risk, which must be constant with the recurrence of winter, that the operations of this Pacific road may experience long and serious interruptions, accompanied occasionally by shocking misfortunes. If such interruptions should take place, the effect upon the new trade from Asia to Europe, across the United Sates, would be very damaging. They would characterize the route as one not to be relied upon by international commerce."

The New Orleans *Crescent*, which, like the master genius of the great French naturalist Cuvier, "throws light upon everything it touches," thus ably reviews the transcontinental railroad question; vividly picturing the magnitude of the Union Pacific farse in connection with the advantages of a Southern road:

"But the question of interruption is no longer a question to be talked about in the subjunctive mood. The liability to snow blockade of indefinite duration, was a matter of scientific certainty from the beginning; and now it is a matter of experimental demonstration attested in a manner that leaves no room for doubt, disputation, or speculation. A few days ago, the postoffice department at Washington was advised by its special agent, in a telegram from Larmie City, that for fifteen days the Union Pacific railroad had been blocked by snow for a distance of two hundred miles west of Cheyenne, and that thirty or forty thousand pounds of mails were detained on the line. After receiving this information the postmaster general instructed the postmaster at New York to send the mails for California and the Pacific coast by way of Panama. Further advices from the West stated that the road was still closed, and that it was impossible to say when the snow bound trains would be able to run through.

Could anything exhibit the folly and fraud of this falsely located and extravagantly subsidized road in a clearer light? The Tribune's question, "Have we a Pacific Railroad?" is answered. A gun that can't shoot is not a gun, but a useless combination of iron and wood. A boat that can't cross water with either freight or passengers is as "idle as a painted ship upon a painted ocean." For a like reason, the Union Pacific railroad, without the quality of perennial continuity, cannot be, as regards commerce and travel for about half the year, more than the picture or the mirage of a road. Although it has already been paid by the government between twenty and thirty millions of dollars, it cannot at this moment transport for the government a soldier or a mail bag over two hundred miles of its track which were long ago reported officially, as finished and in good working order. One of the worst aspects of the matter is that the arrant and scandelous favoritism of government toward this road has involved the neglect of transcontinental railroad enterprises along routes which are, in all points of view, more eligible. Nobody who has studied, even superficially, the railroad needs and practicabilities of this country, doubts the preeminent advantages of the route coinciding or nearly so, this side of the great western mountain ridge, with either the thirty-second or thirty-first parallel. The public and private funds squandered on the Union Pacific railroad are tantamount to a corresponding degree of inquiry to the true interests of the country in respect to railroads and other work of internal improvement. Suppose that the whole work of establishing railroad connection with the Pacific, along the snow line indicated, will cost one hundred millions. Then consider that for about half the year the efficacy of the road cannot be depended on, and that, consequently, about fifty per cent must be deducted from its utility and value. This would be equivalent to the absolute loss of certainly not less than half the sum expended in its construction—to fifty millions, in other words buried under the snows of the Rocky Mountains beyond the hope of recovery—to fifty millions which, if it had been applied at the same time to shorter routs over easier grades, and wholly free from climate objections, would have given ere now a road operating to the Pacific coast without a gap, through the richest agricultural and mining districts in the world, and as surely perennial as the flow of the Gulf Stream

ADVENTUROUS.

Some people seem to have imbibed, even to intoxication, of the spirit, that they must never stop, at most, more than a season at any one place, but keep moving on, a prey to every excitement. We here find men who might in a few years accumulate wealth if they would only apply themselves to business—but this a certain class will never do. Since boyhood they have suffered themselves to be drifted about on the wings of rumor; and while their uncertain flights have, during the best years of their lives, resulted in nothing more than disappointment, we find that those who formed a centre of attraction for their ideas in early manhood, by laying the foundation of a home, are now prosperous and contented.

If those who are now organizing and equipping for White Pine, would just stay and reflect for but a moment, and view their determination unbiassedly, many would, no doubt convince themselves that the money which must necessarily be spent to reach White Pine and start them into busines there, could be more judiciously employed. It requires but a trifling outlay of capital to start one in business on either the Salt or Gila River; and business, too the most delightful as well as the least hazardous and most lucrative, viz: the cultivation of land. A few hundred dollars thus expended may lay the foundation of a home which can endure for generations, while a like amount has been squandered by adventurers twenty times over

Again, if those who have thus far pursued the uncertain fortunes of miners will still stick to their profession, let them expend their means in organizing a company sufficiently strong to work the mines at home. It is not necessary for Arizonans to visit Nevada in search of mines, if they will only organize, and thus procure sufficient strength to set the Apache at defiance. In Nevada there is little doubt as to the abundance of silver, but, in Arizona we have, without any doubt, abundance of gold. In Nevada the miner can pursue his avocation about seven months in the year; in Arizona he can labor throughout the year. In Nevada there are, at present about three men to every pound of silver while in Arizona there are ten pounds of gold to every man. Let the adventurer therefore think well and act only after mature deliberation. By this course the mistakes of a lifetime may be rectified.

The Los Angeles *Star* of the 25th ult. remarks:

"The people of Arizona will feel gratified by the additional companies which have been ordered to their Territory. Gen. Stoneman has been appointed to the command. With the reinforcements promised, and an officer of experience to direct them, it will certainly be very strange if the Apache is permitted much longer to hold this country."

The people of Arizona having, for some time past, been gulled by promises of military aid, have ceased to credit many reports which would under other circumstances, be really gratifying. It is, therefore, less satisfaction than may be imagined, to hear that troops have been "ordered." In the speedy execution of this order rests the gratification. We will hail the troops when we see them here; for then, and not until then can we rest assured that something is about to be done.

We learn by the Los Angeles *Republican* that the sale at Anction of the 35 acre lots in that city proved abortive. Four lots were disposed of when further sale was suspended

POST OFFICE
Tucson, A. T., April 5, 1869.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in this Post Office.

Ballon David A	Bennett Wm.
Basa Juan	
Edgar John B	
Gallardo Dolores	Gallardo Petra
Lansing Samuel O	
Rincharte John	Romangoff Chas. D
Rusher Josiah	

W. W. WILLIAMS
Postmaster

New York, March 17.

Gold 131¼
Legal Tenders 77¼@77¾

Latest News.

From files of the Daily New Mexican)

seekers to the appointing officer of the Treasury is so great that an order has been given excluding applicants for office until after each day's mail was read.

Havanna, March 26—Several expeditions from the United States are known to have landed in Cuba within the past few days, and joined the insurgents

Boston, March 26—A young man named Pine shot a Miss Howard to day and then killed himself; cause—unrequited love.

Chicago, March 26—The Tribune's New York Special says, the Cubans there claim to have private advices from London to the effect that England has concented to recognize the insurgents as belligerents and allow them to purchase war material. It is confidently expected that France will follow the example of England.

Washington, March 26—Dispatches from Greenville state that ex-President Johnson, after suffering intensely from gravel, is again up and in his usual health.

Washington, March 24—The president today nominated J. Bancrofft Davis as assistant Secretary of State.

The treasury department has received notice that the U. S. Marshal of Georgia has absconded with one million dollars of public money.

Memphis, March 23—Little Rock specials say the new registration law passed the House.

The Senate appointed a committee to investigate the alleged militia outrages in Western Arkansas.

Kansas City, March 24—Col. Williams of the Bulletin and W. Hulgon of the Times yesterday went to a point near Wyandatte, to fight a duel with double barrelled shot-guns; but the sheriffs arrested the parties and prevented the duel.

Washington March 23—The President sent in no nominations to day.

The republican senators were in caucus two hours this morning and at 2 o'clock this afternoon, in discussing the tenure of office act It was finally decided to transfer it to the Judiciary committee, with a view to amend the law as now in force. A majority of Senators are opposed to the total repeal of the law.

The statement from Charleston that Gen. Henningston is raising an expedition to Cuba is incorrect

Private letters received here from Cuba, represent the insurgent cause as progressing favorably, and that it is impossible for the Spanish troops to suppress the insurrection.

In the Senate the bill, repealing the tenure of office act was called up, but postponed.

Drake introduced a bill to amend the Judiciary system by devolving all the duties of the circuit courts upon the district courts.

In the House the bill to aid in the construction of the railroad from Memphis to El Paso and the Pacific passed under the previous question.

Logan introduced a bill to abolish the office of Chief of Staff, to the general of the Army, which passed.

A bill prohibiting retired army officers from being assigned to duty of any kind, or to receive more pay or allowances than are provided for retired officers also passed;

Charles Wilson, colored, has been recommended by the South Carolina congressional delegation for postmaster at Columbia.

San Francisco, March 23—Alaska advices represent trade dull and Indians quiet.

Heavy shocks of an earthquake were felt on the 18th.

Rich gold diggings have been discovered 80 miles from Caraboo,

The rumored disturbances at Charlotte's Island are of such a character that a gunboat has been sent to that locality.

St Louis, March 23—Gen Custar was heard from up to the 6th of March when he was progressing finely

Twenty of Brigham Young's wives have arrived at Council Bluffs, including Miss Folsom, Brigham's latest fancy, all bound for Washington.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN QUINTUPLICATES, will be received at the office of the undersigned, in Tucson, A. T. until 12 o'clock on Monday, April 26th, 1869, for the supply of the United States troops and employees stationed at Tucson Depot and Camp Lowell A T.—from July 1st 1869 to June 30th, 1870—with FRESH BEEF, on the block

About FOUR THOUSAND pounds, more or less will be required per month.

Bidders will state their price in United States GOLD COIN, per pound and they are requested to be present at the opening of the bids.

Each bid must be signed by two responsible persons, who will become sureties for the faithful performance of the Contract if awarded: and each set of bids must be accompanied by a copy of this advertisement dersigned upon application.

G C. SMITH.
Capt. and Asst. Quartermaster U. S. A.
A. C. S.

Tucson Depot, A. T.
April 8th, 1869.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER
Department of California.

417 KEARNY STREET,
San Francisco Cal., February 26, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this Office until 12, m., on the FIFTEENTH day of APRIL, 1869, for the transportation of GOVERNMENT STORES to the following posts, as follows:

* * * * * *

For receiving stores at Tucson depot, A T. and transporting the same to such posts as are, or may be its dependencies.

Bids to state the PRICE PER POUND, IN GOLD COIN, for ONE HUNDRED (100) MILES.

Bids to be addressed either to me or to CAPTAIN G. C SMITH., A. Q. M., at Tucson.

* * * * * * *

All bids to be made in triplicate, with a copy of the advertisement attached to each bid, and no bid will be received unless accompanied by a deposit of two thousand dollars, as a guaranty that the bidder will take the contract if awarded to him.

Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of the bids.

No contract made under this advertisement will be considered in force until approved by the Department and Division commanders.

The right to reject bids is reserved, if considered for the good of the service.

Any information in reference to the freight to be transported, routes, etc., can be had on application at this office.

HENRY C. HODGES,
Bvt. Lieut. Col. and Q. M., U. S. A.
Act'g Ch't Q. M., Dept. Cal.

m20 4w

DR. N. P. RICHARDSON.
Office Richardson's Hotel,
TUCSON, A. T.

E WEEKLY ARIZONIAN

SUNDAY, APRIL 11, 1869.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS.

have been told that a quarrel at Florence day last, resulted in the shooting and g of a man named Brannard.

LETTER from Arizona City, speaks of the derly condition of the Yuma Indians at place. They may be found, in a state of xication, promenading the streets at all s, both day and night. One of them, while s condition recently killed another who ened to be sober.

PACHES AND MAILS:—A portion of the ern mail was brought in on Wednesday ning, torn into fragments. The express r was attacked by a party of Indians near Pedro Crossing, who fired upon him, killhis mule; fortunately for him the attack ade in the neighborhood of the San Pedro hes where he arrived in safety—having everything behind—even his boots, which alled, that his flight might be unincumd. Messrs. Reed and Anderson, coming the road shortly afterwards, discovered mail matter torn into fragments and scatover the ground. They brought along them to Tucson, such of it as they could veniently collect—some two or three nds.

for long this "Noble Red" has been perted to tamper with the postoffice departnt, and it is time some measures were taken rotect mails on this route. These repeated ls, resulting in the destruction of mails, ll not be overlooked because it is hoped such may not again occur" The same lable to occur again and again—just so g as mails continue to pass over this rout rotected. The military as well as the ll in Arizona, being inconvenienced by these redations, it is not likely that the district mander would refuse to grant a military rt, to accompany the mail, if the same applied for.

OFFICE CHIEF QR. MASTER

SUB. DISTRICT OF TUCSON,

TUCSON, A. T, March 20th 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE will be received at this ce until 12 o'clock, M., on the 20th day of il 1869, for the delivery of FORAGE at following named places, viz.:

		GRAIN, lbs.	HAY, lbs
ron Depot,	A T.	1,000 000.	1,600,000.
mp Crittenden,	"	675,000.	1,082.000.
Goodwin,	"	600.000.	970 000
Grant,	"	565,000.	900,000.
Bowie,	"	550,000.	860.000.
Wallen,	"	540,000.	825,000.
TAL.....		3,930,000.	6,237,000

ds will be received separately for the whole unt to be delivered at each place mened above, or any part thereof, and bidders state separately their price per pound in coin, for Hay as well as for each kind of ; also the amount of Hay and the amount ch kind of Grain they may be able to ver.

No bids for WHEAT will be entertained.

Bidders will give their names in full as well r places of residence, and the proposals st be accompanied by a Bond for Two usand ($2 000) Dollars, signed by at least sponsible persons as a guaranty, that in e contract is awarded to the party or parsproposing, the contract will be accepted ntered into.

Hay must be of the best quality the ry affords, free from Roots, Sticks and and must be well stacked in such places, Quartermasters at the places named may direct.

Grain must be well cleaned and free foreign substances and must be delivered in Bulk.

delivery of the Hay and Grain to commence immediately on notification by the unsigned.

Also but the bids of persons of undoubted to the United States Government will ntained, and the undersigned reserves to reject any and all bids offered.

proposal must be signed by two responsible persons who will become sureties for faithful performance of the contract contract will be subject to the approval District, Department and Division Comander.

By order of Br. BRIG. GEN. DEVIN.
Com'dg Sub District of Tucson.
GILBERT G. SMITH.
Capt. & Asst. Qur. Mr., U. S. A.
Chief Quartermaster, Sub District.
3-4w

WILLIAM ZECKENDORF
Tucson, A. T.
AARON ZECKENDORF, Albuquerque N. M.
LOUIS ZECKENDORF, No 19 Dey St., N. Y.

A. & L. ZECKENDORF

WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL DEALERS

IN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS & CAPS
CARPETS,
MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
VINO del PAIS,
del RIO ABAJA
PINONES &c &c.

NEW MEXICAN CARPETS and BLANKETS

We have on hand and are constantly receiving a full assortment of Every class of goods suitable for this market, which we offer on the most reasonable terms. One of our firm resides in New York City for the sole purpose of buying goods, and being in market constantly. Our merchandise is purchased on the most advantageous terms. Those Who deal with us can rely upon our stock being of the best quality and attention of merchants We would call the as also from Sonora, to our well assorted stock especially suited to their market, and can confidently say it will be to their advantage to examine it before purchasing elsewhere.

HIGHEST

MARKET PRICES

PAID FOR

ARIZONA

AND

SONORA

PRODUCE.

Produce of Arizona and Sonora, taken on commission and sold to the best advantage for those who favor us with their confidence.

A. & L. ZECKENDORF.
Tucson, A. T. April 11 1869 tf.

HINTON, HOOPER, & CO.

San Francisco and Fort Yuma, California
Arizona City, Maricopa Wells, Sacaton,
Sweet Water and Camp McDowell,
Arizona.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise.

Forwarding and Commission Merchants.

We wish to call the attention of the public generally, and Merchants, particularly, to our facilities for Wholesaleing and Jobbing at LOW RATES.

We keep constantly on hand at
ARIZONA CITY
The largest and most General Stock of Goods in the Territory, or in any one House south of San Francisco
COMPRISING EVERYTHING THE COUNTRY REQUIRES.

All our goods are either imported directly or bought of direct importers. We buy nothing from second hands; thereby saving the San Francisco Jobber's Profit which is
ALL WE ASK TO MAKE.
"Live and Let Live,"
is our motto. Our terms are CASH, EXCLUSIVELY; and for cash, we are always in readiness to supply dealers, rancheros, & others, with goods, in jobbing lots at
Unprecedentedly Low for cash
HINTON, HOOPER & CO.
Arizona City Dec. 19, 1868-tf.

THE RICHARDSON HOUSE.

BY
DR & MRS. N. P. RICHARDSON

HAVING leased the above named Hotel, we are prepared to accommodate the public.

A thorough renovation has taken place, the rooms are kept clean and airy, and no pains will be spared to make the patrons of the House comfortable.

The table shall be furnished with the best he market affords.

Terms.

Board and Lodging per week.....	$20 00.
Board without Lodging.....	16 00
Single meals	1 00

Terms cash. All bills payable weekly
Tucson, Jan 1, '69.

F H Goodwin — Adam Sanders

GOODWIN & SANDERS,

TUCSON, A. T.

HAVE this day on hand and are constantly receiving, a large stock of goods selected EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET,
consisting in part of

Dry Goods and Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Military Furnishing goods of all descriptions, Staple and Fancy Goods, Belts, Pistols, Powder, Percussion caps, &c., &c., which they will sell cheap for cash.

Thankful for past favors they respectfully solicit continuance of public patronage.

Jan. 1, 1869-tf.

CONTINENTAL BILLIARD SALOON.

BY TODD, CULVER & DURFEE
The Best South of San Francisco.
Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

THE best of WINES LIQUORS and CIGARS Imported direct for this House—kept constantly on hand, for sale
Wholesale and Retail.

The BILLIARD TABLES are new and of the latest style

The proprietors will take special care to have everything of the best, and insures prompt attention to their customers.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Jan. 24, '69. 24-3m.

NOTICE.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE,
UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
DISTRICT OF ARIZONA.

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with provisions of Internal Revenue Laws, Act of July 13th 1866, paragraph 37, that appeals relative to any erroneous or excessive assessments on taxes for 1869, made in this district, by the Assistant Assessors, will be received and determined at my office, in Prescott, each day, during business hours, from the fifteenth to the thirty-first day of March.

All appeals must be made in writing, specifying the particular cause, matter, or thing, respecting which a decision is requested, and stating the error complained of.

Communications sent by mail will receive immediate attention.

HENRY A. BIGELOW.
Assessor District of Arizona.
Prescott, March 2, 1869. 12-tw.

M. I. JACOBS, 221 Sansome St., San Francisco. — L. M. JACOBS, Tucson, A. T.

M. I. JACOBS & CO.
DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDIZE

Main Street, Tucson, A. T

OFFER for sale at a great reduction from ruling prices, an extensive variety of goods, specially selected for, and adapted to this market.

January 2d 1869-tf.

HIRAM S. STEVENS

Camp Crittenden, A. T.

WOULD respectfully give notice to the trading public in and around Camp Crittenden, that I have just received a large and well selected stock of
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, DRUGS, MEDICINES
and all kinds of necessary articles, for
OFFICERS, SOLDIERS and CITIZENS
Direct from San Francisco.
which I propose to sell to all at the very
LOWEST PRICES
at my store, at Camp Crittenden, Arizona.
Jan'l, 1869.

E. N. FISH, Tucson, — S. SILVERBERG, San Francisco

E. N. FISH, & CO.,

West side, Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

We keep constantly on hand the largest and most general stock of goods in the Territory south of the Gila.

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Liquors in Bbls. and cases, Cigars and Tobacco, &c., &c., which we are offering at exceedingly low prices.

Jan. 1, '69. 32tf

NOTICE.

Territory of Arizona, }
County of Pima. }

To the unknown heirs of Thomas F. McLean, deceased, their guardians, agents, &c., and all other persons interested:

You are hereby notified that upon a final settlement of the estate of said deceased, had in the Probate Court of said County and Territory on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1869, a balance of nine hundred and thirteen dollars and eighty-eight cents, was found due said estate, and remaining in the hands of Soloman Warner, the administrator thereof.

The undersigned having been appointed by said Probate Court, as an agent to take possession and charge of said moneys—and having given bond as required by law, will hold the same for the term of one year subject to the claim and demand of the lawful heirs of said deceased.

At the expiration of one year, said moneys, if uncalled for, will be paid into the Territorial Treasury of said Territory in accordance with the statutes in such cases made and provided.

Tucson, March 19th 1869.
JOHN B. ALLEN,
Agent and
12-tf Territorial Treasurer.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Joaquin Tapia, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, administrators of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers, within one year from the date of this notice to L. B. WOOSTER, at his store in the town of Tubac, in the county of Pima, or to PHILIP DRACHMAN, at his store in the town of Tucson, in said county.

Dated at Tucson, A. T.,
March 22d, 1869.
PHILIP DRACHMAN
L. B. WOOSTER } Administrators.
8w

Dissolution Notice.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name and firm of BROWN & BOSSELLE is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm of Brown & Bosselle will please settle up their accounts with Mr. CHAS. O. BROWN, as he has assumed the payment of all the debts of said firm.

THE CONGRESS HALL will hereafter be conducted by the proprietor, Mr. Chas. O. Brown, hence the former patrons of the establishment can rest assured that no pains will be spared to make them perfectly satisfied.

CHARLES O. BROWN.
JOE J. BOSSELLE.
Tucson, A. T. April 4th 1869.

Loss of an English Bark near Nootka Sound.

A telegram from Victoria, dated march 13th says:

By the arrival of the schooner Surprise, Captain Christianson, from the west cast of this Island, news is received of the loss of an English bark, supposed to be the John Bright, with all on board, near Nootka Sound. Captain Christianson thinks the bark was lost about the 8th or 9th of February, during a heavy gale which lasted two days. When first seen by the Captain, the wreck was lying on a rocky beach some three miles south of Nootka Sound, and not far from an Indian Village. She was lying on her beam ends, the sea making a clean sweep over her, the foremast alone remaining intact. Some days afterward the Captain was enabled to board the wreck, and found that she had been laden with lumber, which had floated off, and lay scattered along the beach. The wreck had been stripped of her houses, and the Indians asserted that none of her people, living or dead, had been seen. They told, however, contradictory stories connected with the wreck which roused the suspicion of Captain Christianson, and upon diligent inquiry he finally ascertained that two bodies had floated ashore from the wreck. One of the bodies—that of a woman—lay on the beach, just where the Indians had dragged it beyond the high water mark. The flesh had nearly disappeared from her face and body, and it was impossible to either recognize the remains or discover marks of violence. The clothing had been stripped off and carried away by the natives. Three rings taken from the fingers of the woman by the Indians, were purchased by Captain Christianson, who brought them with him to Victoria, together with an account book, in which was written the supposed name of the bark. One of the rings has the initial letters "P. M." The name of the vessel has gone from the stern. One of the natives claims to have seen the bark before it came ashore, trying to beat off the coast, and says she struck early in the morning. The place where the wreck lies is a dangerous reef, which makes out some distance from the shore. The bark is supposed to have sailed from Port Townsend, for a South American port, with a cargo of lumber, about the first of February last. From appearances, she was

General Items.

New maple sugar is for sale in the northern markets at 40 cents per pound.

Cotton trees are being raised in Florida, from seed procured from Portugal.

Silk worm's eggs sell at $10 per ounce in California.

The crop of coffee in Java growing in 1868 amounts to only 568,000 bags.

A German Chemist has discovered the art of making artificial stone equal to marble

It is stated that Illinois manufactures more whisky than any other State in the Union.

A manufactory in St. Louis turns out 125 cooking stoves per day.

South Carolina has three paper mills with a capacity of 4300 pounds of paper per day.

It is estimated that it will take 75,000 men twenty years to dig the darien ship canal.

San Francisco exported 5000 tons of copper last year.

The Island of Creto produces 2,000,000 gallons of olive oil annually.

The United States consumes annually more than 400,000 tons of sugar.

Columbus Delano has been nominated for ex-commissioner of Internal revenue.

The Carroll Record says negro labor is yearly diminishing.

The Bee reminds Senator Blackman that he is a young man without experience.

The Paris Moniteur calls General Grant "Field Marshal"

A doctor of Meriden, Conn. goes his rounds on a velocipede.

Vaccinate your children and kill your dogs is the advice given by a country paper.

"The Two Republics," printed in the city of Mexico, is resumed.

San Francisco has strawberries and fresh salmon the year round.

Pratt overlaps his senatorial chair and is to have a new seat.

England's wealthiest nobleman, the Marquis of Westminster, is thought to be dying.

Ex-Governor Samuel Dinsmore, of New Hampshire is dead.

It is said that trained dogs are to be introduced in Lynchburg, Vt., to hold up the trains of ladies' dresses, on wet days.

Supposed Elopement.

(From the San Francisco Chronicle)

Some five weeks ago Mrs Ann Peet arrived in this city, by steamer from New York, with her husband and three children. On their arrival the family put up at a hotel with the expectation of remaining only a few days or so. The next morning the husband went out to hunt for rooms in which to move for the purpose of living more economically than they could at a hotel. A young Scottish girl with whom the family had become acquainted on the steamer, stopped at the same hotel. She and they became quite intimate on the voyage, but the wife never suspected the existence of other feelings or relationship than that of friendship. On the day after their arrival this girl left the hotel informing Mrs Peet that some of her friends had come down from Sacramento to meet her, and that she was going back with them that afternoon. Mr. Peet has not been heard of since that time. He took with him $130, the joint earnings of himself and wife, and left her penniless. Mrs. Peet is of course forced to the conclusion that her husband and the girl referred to went off together, and that she, herself, has been deliberately and heartlessly abandoned. She and her husband had been married about six years. Since the disappearance of her husband Mrs Peet has occupied a room on Third street where she has striven to support herself and children by washing clothes.

District Court Notice

IN the District Court for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona.

Territory of Arizona, vs John B. Allen, Territorial Treasurer for the Territory of Arizona, Coles Bashford, and Charles H. Lord Territorial Auditor.

To Coles Bashford one of the defendents above named:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the District Court, for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona, to answer the complaint of Granville H Oury, Attorney General for said Territory, in an action for injunction, to enjoin the presentation and payment of certain Territorial Bond and Warrants, numbering as follows: Territorial Bonds, No7. 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 130 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150, and Territorial Warrants numbering 42 51-52 55 105 and 106.

You are hereby required to answer the complaint herein filed within four months from the publication hereof, and to serve a copy thereof upon Granvile H. Oury at his office in Tucson, in said county and Territory, within the time above specified.

And you are also notified that if you fail to answer the complaint of the plaintiff within the four months aforesaid, judgment will be taken against you by default, and application made to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

{L. S.} Given under my hand and the seal of said District Court, at Tucson, this 14th day of January. A. D. 1869.

OSCAR BECKALEW, Clerk

3-4mo.

CASH STORE!

GOLDBERG & CO

North-east corner Main and Vine Sts

TUCSON, A. T.

HAVING received a new supply of Summer and Fall Goods, embracing a general and complete assortment of Dry goods, Fancy good, Ladies dress goods, of every description, Hats and Caps, Cloaks and Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hardware and Crockery, Groceries and Provisions, etc, etc. We adhere to a cash system and sell our goods remarkably low. Give us a call.

Jan. 1, 69

P. B. TULLY. ROMAN OCHOA

TULLY & OCHOA.

Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

HEREBY give notice to their friends and the public generally that they have received direct from the East a full and complete stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c. and are prepared to sell at as reasonable terms as any merchants in the Territory. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Jan. 1st 1869.

TAKE NOTICE!

NEW GOODS!

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK

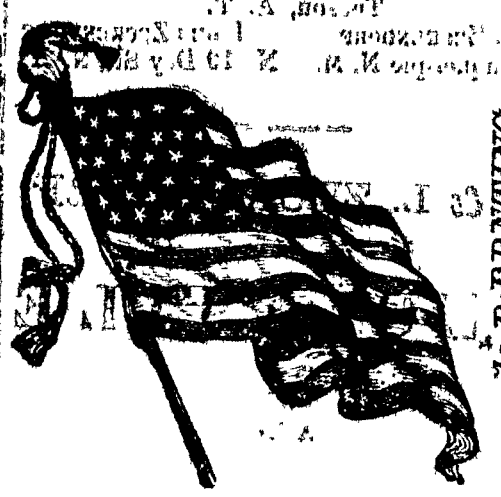
WE would respectfully announce to the people of Tucson and vicinity, that we have on hand a large and well assorted STOCK OF MERCHANDISE GROCERIES, &c, also, best EL PASO WINE and VINEGAR, which we offer for sale at the lowest figures.

H. LESINSKY, & CO.,

East side Main Street Tucson, A. T.

Jan. 1st '69, tf.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN



NEWSPAPER AND JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT!

TUCSON, A. T.

The only Newspaper published in the Territory of Arizona South of the Rio Gila,

Having lately received a

LARGE SUPPLY

of

NEW MATERIAL,

we are prepared to execute

ALL KINDS OF JOB-WORK,

POSTERS,

PAPMHLETS,

BILL-HEADS,

LETTER-HEADINGS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

CIRCULARS,

HAND-BILLS, &c

upon the shortest notice, and as reasonable as can be done this side of San Francisco.

We would particularly recommend our sheet to merchants in San Francisco, Cal., and New York, having business correspondence in this section, as the only advertising medium in the Territory, south of the Rio Gila, and as Tucson is in a section of

GREAT COMMERCIAL IMPORTANCE.

It is for the interest of every Business House that wishes to get a share of the trade, to advertise in our columns; therefore, send in your orders.

Address: "Weekly Arizonian," Tucson, A, T

SHERRY & DOONER, Publishers

SOUTHERN OVERLAND

U. S. MAIL.

And Express Line From Mesilla, N. M. to Tucson, A. T.

THE undersigned will run a weekly two-horse buggy between the above points, connecting at Mesilla, with stages for Santa Fe and the East, El Paso, and San Antonio, Texas; and at Tucson, with the Los Angeles and San Diego Semi-Weekly Stage Line, and the Weekly line for Hermosillo and Guaymas, Sonora; making a connected stage line for any point in the United States on the Pacific or Atlantic slopes of the continent, and points in northern and and central Mexico

Particular attention paid to Express matter and comfort of Passengers.

The company are responsible for all Express matter sent by their line except against Indians.

Buggies leave Tucson and Mesilla every Sunday at 4 o'clock, p. m.

C. H. LORD, Passenger and Express Agent, Tucson, A. T.

DAVIS & BARELLA, La Mesilla, N. M

42-3t.

F. M. HODGES,

MAIN STREET

TUCSON, A. T.,

KEEPS constantly on hand a large supply the best brand of Liquors and Cigars.

Jan. 1st '69 tf

NEW GOODS!

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

AT THE

SUTLER STORE

CAMP BOWIE, (Apache Pass.)

A Good Supply for travelers. tf

ARIZONA OFICIAL DIRECTORY.

1869.

Federal Officers.

Governor—Richard C. McCormick, Tucson.
Secretary—James P. T. Carter
Chief Justice—William F. Turner, Prescott.
Associate " Henry T. Backus, Tucson.
" " Harley H. Cartter, La Paz.
Marshal—Edward Phelps, Tucson.
Sup't. Indians—George W. Dent, La Paz,
Surveyor General Sherman Day, San Francisco
District Attorney———, Tucson,
Assessor—Henry A. Bigelow, Prescott,
Collector—Levi Bashford, "
Dept. Collector Customs.—J. F. Stone, Tucson
Receiver of the Land Office-Oscar Buckalew.

Territorial Officers.

Auditor—Charles H Lord, Tucson,
Treasurer—John B Allen "
Attorney General—James E McCaffrey "
Delegate to Congress—Coles Bashford "

County Officers.

PIMA COUNTY.

Probate Judge—John S Thayer
Sheriff—Peter R Brady
District Attorney—Granville H. Oury
Treasurer—Sidney R DeLong
Recorder—Oscar Buckalew
Supervisors—John W Sweeney, E. N. Fish, John G. Capron
Public Administrator,—Chas. H Meyers
county seat—Tucson.

YAVAPAI COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Hezikiah Brooks.
Sheriff—A John Moore
District Attorney—John M Rountree.
Treasurer—William Cory
Recorder—John H Behan
Supervisors—John G Campbell, ——
County Seat—Prescott.

YUMA COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Joseph B. Tuttle,
Sheriff—David King.
Recorder—Peter Dell.
Supervisors—W Ravens, C. Gross, M. Castinel
Public Administrator—John Duff.
county seat—La Paz

MOHAVE COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Wm L Haskell
Sheriff—Ell Smith
Treasurer—E M McCarty
Recorder—James P Bull
Supervisors—John Pearson, William Dorne, Chas Atchisson,
Dist. Att'y.—A E Davis.
county Seat—Hardyville.

PAH UTE COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Daniel M Thomas.
Sheriff———
Treasurer———
Recorder———
Supervisors———
county seat—St. Thomas.

Notaries Public.

Pima Co.—William S Banter Maricopa Wells; Mortimer R. Platt, Tucson; John M. Chase, Apache Pass; J. B. McKinnie, Florence;
Yavapai Co.—Henry W. Fleury, Prescott; R. Ferris, Wickenburg; Thos. J L Hague, La Paz; J M Lenearder, Camp McDowell.
Yuma Co.—Charles H. Brinley, Arizona City; H. D. Dobbs, La Paz.

Assistant Assessors.

Pima Co.—Mark Aldrich, Tucson.
Yuma Co—Thos. J. Bidwell, La Paz.
Yavapai Co—George Lount, Prescott; W. Ferris, Wickenburg

Deputy Collectors.

Pima Co.—P R Brady Tucson.
Yuma Co—Robt. Coles, La Paz.
Mohave Co—Jas P. Bull, Mohave City.

Places and Times of Holding Courts.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Judge Backus—Oscar Buckalew, Clerk
In Tucson, Pima county, commencing on the Monday in April, and first Monday in October.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Judge Carter———Clerk.
In La Paz, Yuma county, commencing on the Monday in March and first Monday in Sept.
In St Thomas, Pah Ute County, commencing the 3d Monday in June.
In Hardyville, Mohave county, commencing first Monday in January and first Monday in

THIRD DISTRICT.

Judge Turner—Edward W Wells, Clerk.
In Prescott, Yavapai county, commencing the first Monday in April and first Monday in October.

SUPREME COURT.

One term in each year at the Capital, commencing on the first Wednesday after beginning of the regular annual session of the Legislature. Oscar Buckalew, Clerk.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN.

New Series. Tucson, A. T., Sunday, April 18, 1869. Vol. 2. No. 16

THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN

A Weekly Journal, devoted to the interests of Arizona Territory.

Published every Sunday Morning, by
SHERRY. & DOONER.

Terms of Subscription,

One Copy, one year..... $7,00
One copy, six months..... $4,00
One copy for three months..... 2,00
Single numbers, each 25
Subscriptions must be paid invariably in advance

Advertising Rates.

Two dollars per square for the first insertion and one dollar for each subsequent insertion

H. B. PLATT. J. McCAFFREY

PLATT & McCAFFREY.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW
TUCSON, A. T.
January 2d 1869-tf

CHAS. H. LORD W. W. WILLIAMS

LORD & WILLIAMS.

HAVING just brought on from New York fresh and
CHOICE STOCK OF MERCHANDISE,
are offering the same very cheap for cash.
Look at our goods and prices.
tf Jan. 1,'69.

G. H. OURY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law
Office in Court-house Building
TUCSON, A. T.
aug4:67 tf

WHEAT'S SALOON.

The undersigned having leased the above Saloon, is prepared to furnish his friends and others with Liquors and Cigars.
AUGUSTUS BRICHTA.
Jan 30, 1869.

PIONEER BUTCHER SHOP.

GORGE F. FOSTER.
at the OLD STAND on Main Street,
TUCSON, A. T.
IS ready to supply all customers in his line with as good beef and at as low rates as can be done elsewhere in the Territory.
Jan. 1st 1869.

PIONEER BREWERY.

TUCSON, A. T.
LAGER BEER, ALE and PORTER
Constantly on hand.
A. LEVIN & J. GOLDTREE.
March 14, 1869—11-tf.

CAMP GRANT STORE!

The undersigned would respectfully announce that they have just opened a new stock of goods consisting of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c.
and are prepared to sell on the "live and let live" principle.
They would also announce to those persons desirous of settling upon the Lower San Pedro, that they are the owners of a large Acequia and will allow water to be taken from it by actual settlers free of charge
ISRAEL & COX.
April 1st 1869 tf

BLACKSMITH AND WAGON SHOP,

PEARL ST. TUCSON, A. T.
Wagons are made and repaired at this establishment and everything in the Blacksmith line done with promptness and dispatch.
SWEENY & ETCHEL, Proprietors
Jan. 1st, '69

THOMAS M. YERKES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANT
Tubac, A. T.
KEEPS constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES PROVISIONS, which will be sold reasonable, & LIBERAL CREDIT GIVEN. Grain taken in exchange, for goods at market prices.
Jan 1st 1869. tf.

THE CHILD AND THE ANGELS.

The Sabbath sun was setting slow.
Amidst the clouds of even;
"Our Father," breathed a voice below;
"Father, who art in Heaven!"

Beyond the Earth, beyond the cloud,
Those infant words were given;
"Our Father," angels sang aloud,
"Father who art in Heaven!"

"Thy kingdom come"—still from the ground
That child like voice did pray;
"Thy kingdom come," God's hosts resound
Fay up the starry way!

"Thy will be done," with lisping tongue,
That lisping tone implores;
"Thy will be done," the angelic throng
Sing from seraphic shores!"

"Forever"—still those lips repeat
Their closing evening prayer;
"Forever"—floats in music sweet,
High midst the angels there!

Thine be the glory evermore,
From Thee may man ne'er sever;
But every Christian land adore
Jehovah! God! forever!

The Age of Our Earth.

Among the astounding discoveries of modern science, is that of the immense periods that have passed in the gradual formation of the earth. So vast were the cycles of time preceding the appearance of man on the surface of our globe, that our own period seems as yesterday when compared with the epochs that have gone before it. Had we only the evidence of the deposits of rocks heaped above each other in regular strata by the slow accumulation of materials, they alone would convince us of the slow maturing of God's works on earth; but when we add to these the successive populations of whose life this world hidden in the rocks into which the mud, or sand, or soil, of whatever kind, on which they lived has hardened in the course of time—or the enormous chains of mountains whose upheaval divided these periods of quiet accumulation by great convulsions—or changes of a different nature in the configurations of our globe, as the sinking of lands beneath the ocean, or the gradual rising of continents and islands above—or the slow growth of the coral reefs, those wonderful sea walls, raised by the little, ocean architects whose own bodies furnish both the building stone, and the cement that binds them together, and who have worked so busily during the long centuries, mountain chains, islands, and long line of coast, consisting solely of their remains—or the countless forests that have grown up, flourished and decayed, to fill the storehouses of coal that feed the fires of the human race—if we consider all these records of the past the intellect fails to grasp a chronology of which our experience furnishes no data, and time that lies behind us, seems as much an eternity to our conception as the future which stretches indefinitely before us.—*Agassiz*

New Fields for the Prospector.

The Austin Reveille contains the following account of recent discoveries:

Some way has given the impetus, and the entire eastern section of this State is destined to be thoroughly prospected during this year. The extensive range of mountains known as the Diamond, offer promising fields for the prospector. The former is already celebrated as the centre of the richest deposits of silver ore ever discovered in this State. Which has produced an excitement unequalled since the gold fever of 1849. These mountains are extensive, both as regards their length and breadth, and it is more than probable that the important discoveries of minerals will be made within their scope before the close of the year. We were informed this morning by a person whose partner recently made what would appear a valuable discovery, that both silver and copper ores exist in the range south of the Humboldt river, and perhaps also in its continuation north of that stream. About 15 miles this side of the river the prospectors noticed, sticking through the snow, large boulders and detached masses of copper ore; some of the boulders were of native copper. the snow did not permit an examination of the ground for the deposit of ledge of ore. He found also, what appeared to be a vein of about a foot in width, of silver ore, from which he brought away something like ore hundred pounds; but the unhappy beast on which it was packed stampeded and scattered his burden of ore and camp utensils far and wide. The discoverer had a few pieces of the ore in his pocket, however, and from these he procured an assay which yielded at the rate of $1,300 of silver to the ton. We mention this discovery incidentally, in confirmation of our judgement that White Pine and Diamond ranges of mountains offer promising fields for the prospector.

Correspondence of the San Diego Union.

The following communication gives us an account of Cupid's latest very wicked prank, which is very amusing, from the fact that the ivy crowned god was the victim thereof:

PAMOSE, San Diego Co., Cal.
March 1, 1869.

EDITOR SAN DIEGO UNION:—The path that leads to wedded bliss is proverbially rough, but the stormiest old trail that was ever traveled is located in and about this section. One of our good *hombres* attempted to follow it a few days since, but sad and sorrowful was the result. It affords a mournful warning to the many old Bachelors who are living in single blessedness hereabouts, and renews their belief in the old saying that "only fools go in where angels fear to tread." For more than three months past, a wedding has been the talk at the neighbors far and near. Everybody intended to get "tight," dance all night and go home with their neighbors' wives in the morning. From Friday till Sunday morning last, the people began to assemble, dressed in their best and wearing their happiest smiles. The San Pasqual band of music was on hand, making music for the crowd assembled, and tuning the hearts of the bride and groom for the anticipated joys of wedlock

Pala Mission was alive with the soft sweet words of the lovely, black eyed señoritas, the sonorous, manly voices of the caballeros and the braying of a band of mules in the distance. —All went merry as the great dance at Waterloo before the battle. When consternation, blood and thunder! The news goes whispering around that "the bride is missing!" Thieves have broken in and taken away the precious jewel.

It proved too true. The friends of some other cuss, with malice aforethought, feloniously, maliciously, wilfully and wickedly, had abducted, stolen, taken and carried away the aforesaid expectant bride, with intent then and there to make her the bride of the aforesaid cuss. And what was the unkindest cut of all, it was surmised that "Boskis was within." Not so thought the valiant and deserted bridegroom. Calling his faithful followers (they are the fellows who had come to get tight, and not having had a drink as yet, were willing to take some risks rather than disappoint their stomachs,) explained the situation, grasped his shot-gun, mounted his bronco, and off he went in pursuit, followed by those who cared to join in the chase.

Somewhere this side of Temecula, the fleeing captors and the willing captive were brought to time by the pursuers levelling the "dogs of war" at them. A parley ensued which terminated by the "burglars" telling the expectant groom that he could take the girl if he was man enough, but the poor devil not having the support of his friends in the moment of his dire necessity, concluded he was not man enough just then, but would appeal to the strong arm of the law, knowing that his cause was just he felt in his heart that he could not fail.

The hesitating and appealing to the law was only the commencement of his many trials and overwhelming misfortunes. the result so far is as follows: The groom got out a warrant for the bride that should be; the parties appear and answer as follows:

First, the plaintiff has no possessory rights in the bride or property claimed—that he has never had possession of her, and has never used or occupied her.

Second, that the claim is jumped, and now actually possessed and occupied, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided.

Third, that the defendant should have damages for the fear and consternation brought upon them by the assault of the plaintiff on the highway with force and arms. That the measure of said damages is, in part, the price and value of one boy baby, suddenly and prematurely brought into the world because of such assault as aforesaid.

Fourth, that the said complaint should be dismissed at cost of plaintiff, and plaintiff held by the court and committed to the county jail of San Diego county, for the said assault.

A trial has been had by the court, which terminated as follows:

Justice—"Do you like this man—the plaintiff in this suit?"

Bride—"No sir,—not a d—d bit."

Justice—"Will you marry him?"

Bride,—"Not if I know myself!"

Justice—"Is there any one else you want to marry?"

Bride—"You bet there is, and I want you to splice us hanged quick, and make that other green horn (meaning plaintiff) let us alone."

Which request was at once complied with by the obliging justice and two souls made happy at the expense of one bleeding heart.

So soon as the value of the boy, prematurely born, aforesaid, can be ascertained, an execution will issue against the estate of the plaintiff of the suit thereof.

The sympathy of the people is with the groom and we feel devilish mad at the thieves for spoiling our fun. It was a clear swindle on the eaters, drinkers and dancers.

Everything is prosperous in this section. The settlers are feeling hopeful, most of the valley land is located and several tons of barley have been sown this year with a good prospect of a fine yield. Yours &c.

OLD 49ER

A Murderous Sea Flower.

One of the exquisite wonders of the sea is called the Opelet, and is about as large as the German Aster, looking indeed very much like one. Imagine a very large double Aster, with ever so many petals of light green, glossy as satin, and each one tipped with rose color. These lovely petals do not lie quietly in their places, like those of an Aster in your garden, but wave about in the water while the Opelet generally clings to a rock. How innocent and lovely it looks on its rocky bed. Who would suppose that it could eat anything grosser than dew or sunlight? But those beautiful, waving arms, as you call them, have another use besides looking pretty. They have to provide food for a large open mouth, which is hidden down deep among them—so well hidden that one can scarcely find it. Well do they perform their duty, for the instant a foolish little fishlet touches one of its rosy lips, he is struck with poison as fatal to him as lightning. He immediately becomes numb, and in a moment stops struggling and then the other beautiful arms wrap themselves around him, and he is drawn into the huge greedy mouth, and is seen no more. Then the lovely arms unclose and wave again in the water, looking as innocent and harmless as if they had never touched a fish.

The actual time of transmission of telegraphic signals from Cambridge to San Francisco and back does not, probably, exceed three tenths of a second.

It is said that one Stokes severely punished James Gordon Bennett Jr., in the yachting encounter at Delmonicos, knocking him down at one blow.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN

APRIL 18.....1869.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS.

It is now several weeks ago since we published reports tending to show that troops had left, and were still leaving California en route for Arizona; yet none of those promised have arrived. So much time has elapsed since a force of three hundred cavalry were reported at Wilmington, awaiting the purchase of horses that they might proceed to Arizona—and yet no prospect of their arrival—we are almost led to conclude that government has been obliged to delay this, that those animals may be permitted to attain their full growth before being sent to our Territory. This is certainly very good policy if yearlings have been purchased for the service; but we would suggest the purchase of stock which has already attained the prime of life, that this delay so fraught with deplorable results, may be of no further continuance. However, in what manner to account for this neglect on the part of the military in California, is beyond our comprehension, and we can arrive at any conclusion only by surmise and therefore hazardously. We would generously believe that they are detained by causes over which they have no control if we could imagine what the same might be. It cannot be that those under orders for Arizona are ignorant of the state of affairs in this territory and therefore discover no need of precipitancy, as every mail conveys authentic statements of robberies and murders perpetrated by the Apaches; and citizens, though principally the victims of these outrages are not so exclusively—the Indians sometimes visit military posts, and though not at all times successful yet succeed at intervals in appropriating horses, mules, &c.

Should not the recital week after week, of robberies and murders such as are truthfully reported by the people and press of Arizona, arouse a conviction of neglect upon their own part within those whose duty it is to protect the the settler and destroy the barriers which oppose themselves to a country's progress. The people of Arizona have never been extravagant in their demands upon the general government nor do we think it would be extravagant (considering the state of affairs here) to demand reinforcements surpassing in number the troops already in the Territory. Such force would find sufficient work to do—not a man out of seventy companies might be idle one hour in one year from want of something to do toward extirpating a hostile and apparently omnipresent savage. Yes, the Apache is everywhere in Arizona; this is proven by accurate accounts of the movements of troops and parties, given by those of them who become prisoners from time to time. If we are ever to have sufficient force in Arizona to stem this tide of blood and robbery it is time they were here. The handful of troops at present in the Territory deserve much credit; they are, we believe, doing all that men can do under like circumstances; but again we repeat: *they are too few.* Military orders appointing troops to protect settler, situated as are the settlers in this Territory, should be executed as soon as issued. Upon the carrying into effect without delay of the order appointing troops to Arizona, many calamities may be averted in the future, as might have been in the past. Half the sufficient force in the Territory judiciously distributed at the various posts at the same time that scouting was being vigorously prosecuted. It should be remembered that promises of aid at some future time, have no power to shake the daily occurrences of the present. Every week gives birth to new calamities, the results of which, the greatest assiduity and most thorough prosecution of chastisement hereafter cannot recall. It is well understood that the supply of troops at present in Arizona can do but little toward protecting the country from its marauding persecutors or toward chastising the same and the consequent condition of the people is likewise known to all. Even the press of San Francisco express surprise at the dilatory proceedings of the government in our behalf as well as sympathy with our people.

Therefore, do something and do it quickly—render it possible for us to "get around" and we will develop a country which will astonish the whole world.

THE undersigned, from and after this date retires from all connection with the ARIZONIAN: Will collect no dues after this date for either Subscription, Advertising or Job Work belonging to the ARIZONIAN or done in this office, heretofore.

H. W SHERRY.

April 15th, 1869

We copy the following from the Los Angeles *Star*:

"We Perceive that our irrepressible friend familiarly known in Arizona as "Steamboat Adams," is again on the war path in favor of his peculiar hobby, the navigation of the Colorado. Whatever feasibility or plausibility there was in the project, has been pretty effectually squelched by the proceeding in San Francisco, some time ago. The railroad, too, has effected another serious change in the aspect of affairs, as hereafter, we do not think Salt Lake City will look very eagerly or anxiously toward the navigation of the Colorado for its supplies—nor that the southern settlements of Utah will depend very much on that line of travel. In fact, the whole project has fallen through, and is no longer of interest to the people of Utah. Yet we see that "that steamboat" is still being built in San Francisco and Mr. Adams will, within ten days or so, as heretofore, meet the steamer at Callao, and then go up stream, in the course of his explorations. We fear he will not do it—although the steamer should be equipped by this time, as it was nearly ready for launching two years ago.

All success to Mr. Adams say we. His perseverance in this scheme for the public good is worthy of success. They who speak lightly of his efforts are only such as have minds incapable of comprehending the magnitude of his scheme; but who would advocate a pecuniary enterprise with alacrity from the fact that they can see its every side at a glance.

We copy the following from the Washington *Globe* of March 23d:

MEMORIALS OF ARIZONA LEGISLATURE.

Mr. McCormick, of Arizona presented the memorial of the Legislative Assembly of Arizona, asking an appropriation for a Capitol building; which was referred to the committee on Territories.

Also the memorial of the same body, asking the establishment of a mail route from Tucson to the Sonora lines, which was referred to the committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

Also, the memorial of the same body, asking for an extension of time, for the accumulation of a fund for the erection of a Territorial penitentiary; which was referred to the committee on Appropriations.

Latest News.

From files of the Daily New Mexican)

Havana, March 31—Coddington, the U. S. consular agent [illegible] recently there has been in prison on suspicion of being a rebel spy was released to-day at the intercession of the consul general. Hall. The government is remodelling the police system of Havana. The office of chief of police is abolished and the governor of the city assumes the duties of the police. Control of the police is entirely in the hands of the civil authorities.

The Police of Matanzas arrested two Cubans aboard an American vessel of the bay while attempting to escape to the United States.

New York, April 1—The Tribune's special says, the Ku-klux of Greenville, Alabama yesterday attempted to murder Gardner, probate judge of Calhoun county. He was shot while sitting near a window. The woman is suspected to be guilty.

Boston, March 31—The special legislative committee on women suffrage was addressed yesterday by John Ward Howe, Lucy Stone and Wendell Phillips in behalf of the petitioners.

New York, April 1—The New York *Times* says that the revelations before the court develop the most monstrous frauds in the Pacific railroad matters. The Vice President of the Union Pacific, when forced to testify, admitted that construction contracts had been let at prices of $42,000 to $96,000 per mile—prices three times the actual cost of construction.

Washington, April 3—The following nominations were sent to the senate to-day: For Secretary of the Territories, T. M. Wilkinson for Dacotah; Edward L. Perkins for New Mexico, James Scott for Washington; William S. Schreiber for Montana; Coles Bashford for Arizona, Frank Hall for Colorado; Edward M. Lee for Wyoming; S. A. Mann for Utah. For Governors of Territories, A. P. K. Safford for Arizona, John A. Campbell for Wyoming; Charles Crow for New Mexico; John A. Burbank for Dacotah; Ervin Flanders for Washington.

Chicago, April 5—The Times' special says the government has received information of a filibustering expedition about to leave New Orleans for Cuba. Instructions have been sent to Arizona to head off and intercept it and all similar expeditions from American ports. The Republican's special understands that General Steadman arranged the expedition above referred to.

Washington April 1—General Stoneman has been ordered by the President to proceed with his regiment to the Pacific coast.

Havana, March 31—The British consul has sent the gunboat Siren to the Carribbean Sea where the British ship Jeff Davis was captured by a Spanish cruiser. The consul expects to have a British fleet soon cruising among the Bahamas.

San Francisco, April 2—New and rich developements of silver are constantly made at White Pine. People are flocking thither in great numbers, from ten to fifteen thousand being already located there.

The most severe shock of an earthquake since October last occurred this evening at 5.40 but as far as ascertained without damage to buildings, though the people were somewhat alarmed.

For some time past large numbers of persons have been attracted to a point on commercial Street, between Leidesdorff and Sansome Streets, where workmen were engaged in boring an Artesean well. The process has been watched daily, not only by idlers in the vicinity, but by business men and others familiar with the locality. Yesterday after the Auger had reached the depth of 210 feet, it pierced what is said to be a vein of rich copper sulphurets, in a stratum of sandstone, immediately the water commenced to flow, and it is thought that by penetrating to the depth of one or two more feet an inexhaustible supply will be found.—*Alta*

NOTICE. Bids for Hay and Grain at Camp Goodwin A. T., will be received until 12, M. April 30th instead of April 20th 1869.

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER.

SUB DISTRICT OF TUCSON.

Tucson, A. T. April 15, 1869

SEALED PROPOSALS in Quadruplicates will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., April 30th 1869, for the delivery of

600,000 pounds of Barley or corn, and
970,000 do do Hay

at Camp Goodwin A. T, between the first day of July 1869 and the 30th day of June 1870.

The grain and hay must be clean, and free from all foreign substances and of the best quality that the country affords.

The successful bidder for said hay and grain will be allowed the sole use and benefit of the government farm situated on the Gila river, about five miles from Camp Goodwin, A. T, for the period of one year, with the privilege of three, to commence as soon as he shall be notified of the acceptance of his bids.

Said farm contains about one hundred acres of fertile land, thoroughly ditched, and can be irrigated with little or no expense to the contractor. The land adjacent, though not ditched nor irrigated at the present time, is also very fertile and can be made very profitable with [illegible] and there is no doubt but that the most of the grain required to fill the contract can be raised on the farm.

Bidders will state the price in gold coin at which they will furnish the grain and hay under the above conditions.

No bids but those of persons of undoubted loyalty to the U. S Government will be entertained and the undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all bids offered.

The proposal must be signed by two responsible parties who will become sureties for the faithful performance of the contract.

The proposal must be accompanied by a BOND of at least TWO THOUSAND (2000) dollars, signed by at least two responsible persons as a guaranty that in case a contract is awarded to the party or parties proposing, the contract will be accepted and entered into.

The envelopes containing the bids will be marked, "Sealed proposals for Grain, or Hay at Camp Goodwin, A. T., and addressed to the Undersigned.

The contract will be subject to the approval of the District, Department and Division commanders.

By Order of Bvt Brig. Gen'l DEVIN.
GILBERT C SMITH,
Capt and Asst. Qr Mr. U. S. A.
Chief Quartermaster Sub District

SEALED PROPOSALS IN QUINTUPLICATES, will be received at the office of the undersigned, in Tucson, A. T. until 12 o'clock on Monday, April 26th, 1869 for the supply of the United States troops and [illegible] Camp Lowell A T—from July 1st 1869 to June 30th, 1870—with FRESH BEEF, on the block.

About FOUR THOUSAND pounds, more or less will be required per month.

Bidders will state their price in United States GOLD COIN, per pound and they are requested to be present at the opening of the bids.

Each bid must be signed by two responsible persons, who will become sureties for the faithful performance of the Contract if awarded; and each set of bids must be accompanied by a copy of this advertisement.

Further particulars will be given by the undersigned upon application.

G C. SMITH.
Capt. and Asst. Quartermaster U. S. A.
A. C. S.

Tucson Depot, A. T.
April 6th, 1869.

OFFICE CHIEF QR. MASTER
SUB. DISTRICT OF TUCSON,
TUCSON, A. T., March 20th 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN

QUADRUPLICATE will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, M., on the 20th day of April, 1869, for the delivery of FORAGE at the following named places, viz:

		GRAIN, lbs.	HAY, lbs
Tucson Depot,	A. T.	1,000 000.	1,600,000.
Camp Crittenden,	"	675,000.	1,082,000.
" Goodwin,	"	600.000.	970 000.
" Grant,	"	565,000.	900,000.
" Bowie,	"	550,000.	860,000.
" Wallen,	"	540.000.	825,000.
TOTAL.....		3,930,000.	6,237,000

Bids will be received separately for the whole amount to be delivered at each place mentioned above or any part thereof, and bidders will state separately their price per pound in gold coin, for Hay as well as for each kind of Grain; also the amount of Hay and the amount of each kind of Grain they may be able to deliver.

No bids for WHEAT will be entertained.

Bidders will give their names in full as well as their places of residence, and the proposals must be accompanied by a Bond for Two Thousand ($2 000) Dollars, signed by at least two responsible persons as a guaranty that in case a contract is awarded to the party or parties proposing, the contract will be accepted and entered into.

The Hay must be of the best quality the country affords, free from Roots, Sticks and Dirt and must be well stacked in such places, as the Quartermasters at the places named above may direct.

The grain must be well cleaned and free from all foreign substances and must be delivered in Bulk.

The delivery of the Hay and Grain to commence immediately on notification by the undersigned.

None but the bids of persons of undoubted loyalty to the United States Government will be entertained, and the undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all bids offered.

Each proposal must be signed by two responsible persons who will become sureties for the faithful performance of the contract.

Each contract will be subject to the approval of the District, Department and Division Commanders.

By order of Br. BRIG. GEN. DEVIN.
Com'dg Sub District of Tucson.
GILBERT C SMITH,
Capt. & Asst. Qur. Mr., U. S. A.
Chief Quartermaster, Sub District.

ARMY SUPPLIES

BEEF AND MUTTON

On Hoof or Block

FOR

ARIZONA

IN

1870.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,

DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA

San Francisco, Cal., March 25th, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS in duplicate, will be received at this office, No. 201 Sutter Street [illegible] by the undersigned, until 12 o'clock, M., on THURSDAY, July 15, 1869 (when they will be opened) for the supply and delivery at the military posts in Arizona Territory, of all the BEEF and MUTTON, live or slaughtered, that may be required for the troops stationed thereat during the year 1870.

[illegible] Beeves and 1 000 Wethers.

Copy of the present contract and detailed instructions to bidders can be obtained at said office, at the office of the Actg Commissary of Subsistence at Wilmington, Cal., and at the office of the A. C. S. at any of the Military posts in Arizona Territory.

Proposals will be received for any part of the supply.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the bids.

The right is reserved of rejecting any or all bids.

Advertising expenses ($362) will be borne by the successful bidders, pro rata.

J. McL TAYLOR,
Bvt. Col., C. S.

ap18:8w

DR. N. P. RICHARDSON.
Office Richardson's Hotel.
TUCSON, A. T.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN

APRIL 18,..... 1869.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS.

MAJORS Collins and Norris from Camp Crittenden and Downey from Camp Wallen, arrived in town during the week.

OUR subscribers in Tucson will please call at the Post Office on Saturday evenings, for their 'ARIZONIANS.' We will have our paper conveyed to their places of residence as soon as we can procure the services of some person acquainted with their various localities.

THE train of E. N. Fish & Co arrived from Yuma on monday last laden with a fresh supply of goods for that firm. This train made the "round trip," from Tucson to Yuma and returned again to Tucson, in thirty days—the fastest time ever made by a train over this route

A & L ZECKENDORF:—This enterprising firm (yet it is not necessary that I so declare it, for the public have but to view its advertisement before coming to this conclusion) have just received a beautifully selected stock of goods. Mr Zeckendorf is not satisfied that in quality and quantity his stock of goods be unsurpassed; he is determined, if possible, to surpass all others and bewilder the public by variety.

INDIANS! INDIANS!! So accustomed have we become to the publication in our paper of Indian atrocities committed all around us that we should now feel it strange if an issue of the ARIZONIAN did not record some fresh outrage. The mail from California arrived on Wednesday morning; the driver reports a brisk drive of several miles to prevent being overhauled by a party of Indians who pursued the buggy for some distance. On the same morning a party of men arrived from Pimos Altos They report having seen Indians at various points on the road. The party was well prepared for an attack which the Apache seemed to understand and carefully avoided a collision. On Tuesday evening two soldiers, stationed at the Cienega de los Pimas were fired upon and both severely wounded by a band of Indians. They were but a short distance from their quarters when thus attacked and did not suspect the presence of Indians in their immediate vicinity.—Both are now in the Hospital at this place.

On Sunday last news was brought to town of the capture by Indians of 48 mules, the property of Mr Thomas Yerks, of Tubac, Mr Yerks' train had been to Sonora, and upon its return—while yet in Sonora—was attacked by Indians with the above result

News was brought to this city, yesterday miles from Camp Crittenden, of seven Mexicans. Particulars not received.

THE following poem should be a warning to all you light minded striplings who idly trifle with the little archer god, as it clearly conveys to you a knowledge of the Author's condition. Yet we have known him when he was perfectly sane; perfectly gentle; very accommodating; very witty—but never thoughtful nor poetical—which very plainly proves that a common bucket may be strapped and braced that when beaten it will mimic the rattle of a drum:

TO JOAQUINA.

BY C. V.

Often on a winter night I've watched the gentle moon,
On its mysterious travels through darkness' silent gloom.
I've seen the star of even' shine while winter's tempests rear;
But hair like yours Joaquina I have never seen before

I've watch'd aurora-wall'ning, flinging forth the light of day—
Reflected in her window like a diamond's sparkling ray.
I've seen his radiant flashes dancing o'er the ocean shore
But eyes like yours Joaquina I have never seen before.

I've sat and felt the cooling breeze bear on its floating wings,
Perfumes of scented flowers the aroma of sweet Spring;
I've seen a row of pearls with red rubies scattered o'er,
But lips and teeth like yours, Joaquina, never

I have seen, near to a fountain where water gushes clear,
The footprints of small children, left while sporting gaily here;
I've seen feet small and delicate as ever human bore—
But feet like yours Joaquina I have never seen before.

Before advancing daylight I have watch'd the planets fade,
And listen'd to the music then by feather'd songsters made,
I've seen all art and nature lauded by poetic lore.
But a beauty like Joaquina I never saw before.

Tucson, A T. March 30th, 1869.

Died.

In Tucson, on the 13th inst, Paul Francis, a native of France He came here from Camp Grant about two weeks ago; and was then in a delicate state of health.

WILLIAM ZECKENDORF
Tucson, A. T.
AARON ZECKENDORF, Albuquerque, N. M.
LOUIS ZECKENDORF, No 19 Dey St., N. Y.

A. & L. ZECKENDORF

WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL DEALERS

IN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS & CAPS
CARPETS,

MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
VINO del PAIS
del RIO ABAJA
PINONES &c &c.

NEW MEXICAN CARPETS and BLANKETS

We have on hand and are constantly receiving a full assortment of Every class of goods suitable for this market, which we offer on the most reasonable terms. One of our firm resides in New York City for the sole purpose of buying goods, and being in market constantly. Our merchandise is purchased on the most advantageous terms. Those Who deal with us can rely upon at the lowest price. We would call the attention of merchants from this Territory us also from Sonora, to our well assorted stock especially suited to their market, and can confidently say it will be to their advantage to examine it before purchasing elsewhere.

HIGHEST

MARKET PRICES

PAID FOR

ARIZONA

AND

SONORA

PRODUCE.

Produce of Arizona and Sonora, taken on commission and sold to the best advantage for those who favor us with their confidence.

A. & L. ZECKENDORF.
Tucson, A. T. April 11 1869 tf.

HINTON, HOOPER, & CO.

San Francisco and Fort Yuma, California, Arizona City, Maricopa Wells, Sacaton, Sweet Water and Camp McDowell, Arizona.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise.

Forwarding and Commission Merchants.

We wish to call the attention of the public generally, and Merchants, particularly, to our facilities for Wholesaleing and Jobbing at LOW RATES.

We keep constantly on hand at
ARIZONA CITY
The largest and most General Stock of Goods in the Territory, or in any one House south of San Francisco
COMPRISING EVERYTHING THE COUNTRY REQUIRES.

All our goods are either imported directly or bought of direct importers. We buy nothing from second hands; thereby saving the San Francisco Jobber's Profit which is
ALL WE ASK TO MAKE.
"Live and Let Live,"
is our motto. Our terms are
CASH, EXCLUSIVELY, and for cash,
we are always in readiness to supply dealers, rancheros, & others, with goods, in jobbing lots at
Unprecedentedly Low for cash
HINTON, HOOPER & CO.
Arizona City Dec. 19, 1868-tf.

THE RICHARDSON HOUSE.
BY
DR & MRS. N. P RICHARDSON

HAVING leased the above named Hotel, we are prepared to accommodate the public
A thorough renovation has taken place, the rooms are kept clean and airy, and no pains will be spared to make the patrons of the house comfortable.
The table shall be furnished with the best the market affords.

Terms.

Board and Lodging per week.....$20 00
Board without Lodging..... 16 00
Single meals..... 1 00
Terms cash. All bills payable weekly
Tucson, Jan 1, '69.

F H Goodwin — Adam Sanders
GOODWIN & SANDERS,
Dealers in General Merchandise
TUCSON, A. T.

HAVE this day on hand and are constantly receiving, a large stock of goods selected EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET,
consisting in part of
Dry Goods and Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Military Furnishing goods of all descriptions, Staple and Fancy Goods, Belts, Pistols, Powder, Percussion caps, &c, &c., which they will sell cheap for cash.
Thankful for past favors they respectfully solicit continuance of public patronage.
Jan. 1, 1869 tf.

CONTINENTAL
BILLIARD SALOON.

BY TODD & DURFEE.
The Best South of San Francisco,
Main Street, Tucson, A. T.
THE best of WINES LIQUORS and CIGARS
Imported direct for this House—kept constantly on hand for sale
Wholesale and Retail.
The BILLIARD TABLES are new and of the latest style
The proprietors will take special care to have everything of the best, and insures prompt attention to their customers.
A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Jan. 21, '69. 24-3m.

NOTICE.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE,
UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
DISTRICT OF ARIZONA.

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with provisions of Internal Revenue Laws, Act of July 13th 1866, paragraph 37, that appeals relative to any erroneous or excessive assessments on taxes for 1869, made in this district, by the Assistant Assessors, will be received and determined at my office, in Prescott, each day, during business hours, from the fifteenth to the thirty-first day of March.
All appeals must be made in writing, specifying the particular cause, matter, or thing, respecting which a decision is requested, and stating the error complained of.
Communications sent by mail will receive immediate attention.

HENRY A. BIGELOW.
Assessor District of Arizona.
Prescott, March 2, 1869. 12-tw.

M. I. JACOBS, 221 Sansome St., San Francisco. — L. M. JACOBS, Tucon, A. T

M. I. JACOBS & CO.
DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDIZE

Main Street, Tucson, A. T

OFFER for sale at a great reduction from ruling prices, an extensive variety of goods, specially selected for, and adapted to this market.
January 2d 1869-tf.

HIRAM S. STEVENS

Camp Crittenden, A. T.

WOULD respectfully give notice to the trading public in and around Camp Crittenden, that I have just received a large and well selected stock of
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES,
HARDWARE, DRUGS, MEDICINES
and all kinds of necessary articles, for
OFFICERS, SOLDIERS and CITIZENS
Direct from San Francisco,
which I propose to sell to all at the very
LOWEST PRICES
at my store, at Camp Crittenden, Arizona.
Jan'l, 1869.

E. N. FISH, Tucson, — S. SILVERBERG San Francisco

E. N. FISH, & CO.

West side, Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

We keep constantly on hand the largest and most general stock of goods in the Territory south of the Gila.
Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries Provisions, Hardware, Liquors in Bbls and cases, Cigars and Tobacco, &c, &c, which we are offering at exceedingly low prices,
Jan, 1, '69. 32tf

NOTICE.

Territory of Arizona,
County of Pima.

To the unknown heirs of Thomas F. McLean, deceased, their guardians, agents, &c., and all other persons interested:

You are hereby notified that upon a final settlement of the estate of said deceased, had in the Probate Court of said County and Territory, on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1869, a balance of nine hundred and thirteen dollars and eighty-eight cents, was found due said estate, and remaining in the hands of Soloman Warner, the administrator thereof.

The undersigned having been appointed by said Probate Court, as an agent to take possession and charge of said moneys—and having given bond as required by law, will hold the same for the term of one year subject to the claim and demand of the lawful heirs of said deceased.

At the expiration of one year, said moneys, if uncalled for, will be paid into the Territorial Treasury of said Territory in accordance with the statutes in such cases made and provided.

Tucson, March 19th 1869.
JOHN B. ALLEN,
Agent and
12-tf Territorial Treasurer.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Joaquin Tapia, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, administrators of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers, within one year from the date of this notice to L. B WOOSTER, at his store in the town of Tubac, in the county of Pima, or to PHILIP DRACHMAN, at his store in the town of Tucson, in said county.
Dated at Tucson, A. T.,
March 22 d, 1869. 3m
PHILIP DRACHMAN
L. B. WOOSTER } Administrators.
8w

Dissolution Notice.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name and firm of BROWN & BOSSELLE is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm of Brown & Bosselle will please settle up their accounts with Mr. CHAS. O. BROWN, as he has assumed the payment of all the debts of said firm.

THE CONGRESS HALL will hereafter be conducted by the proprietor, Mr. Chas. O. Brown, hence the former patrons of the establishment can rest assured that no pains will be spared to make them perfectly satisfied.

CHARLES O. BROWN.
JOE J. BOSSELLE.
Tucson, A. T. April 4th 1869.

Late Eastern News.

Washington, March 26—Mr Cole introduced a bill granting lands to the San Diego branch of the Southern Pacific. Referred to the Pacific Railroad committee.

Among the nominations sent to the Senate to-day was George G Sims, associate judge for Montana, and William Kapus, collector of customs for Alaska.

The rush of parties to the Appointment Office of the Treasury is very great.

The commanders of the several Arsenals are directed to reduce the number of enlisted men in the Ordnance Department, and grant discharges to those whose services are dispensed with.

The mail service has been extended on the Central Pacific railroad 5 97 miles; the track is laid for 621 miles; the grading is finished to Ogden.

In the Senate a bill bassed extending the charter of the city of Washington.

Mr. Howard made an ineffectual attempt to have the joint resolution, granting the right of way to the Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railroad, referred to the Pacific Railroad committee.

At the interview to-night between the President and a delegation of Mississippians representing the Conservative and republican parties, the president said that he thought the best plan to quiet the opposing parties in Mississippi would be for Congress to authorize the re-submission of the Constitution to the people, and a separate vote to be taken on the features objected to by the Conservatives; in the mean time the present military commander to have control of the State.

Chicago, March 24.—A Tribune special says the Senate Committe on Foreign Relations have agreed to report favorably on treaty for the adjustment of our claims with Mexico. There will be one commissioner from each side with an umpire. Mexico has already ratified the treaty.

Secretary Boutwell believes that his department can be so conducted as to bring our bonds to par at an early day.

Chicago, March 26—Hon Edward Bates, Attorney General under President Lincoln, died at St Louis yesterday.

Nashville, March 26—Dispatches from Greenville state that ex-President Johnson will speak at Knoxville on April 3d, at Nashville on the 6th, and afterwards at Memphis.

General Items.

Philadelphia claims a population of 7 69, 38 0.

George Peabody wants to come home to die.

Halsted of the Cincinnati Commercial is an applicant for the position of minister to Turkey.

Dr Mussey of Philadelphia successfully treats hydrophobia with iodine.

Three thousand four hundred and eighty bills were introduced into the last congress.

John R. French is to be sergeant-at-arms of the Senate.

Hamilton Fish is grandson of Alexander Hamilton.

Victor Hugo has invited Garibaldi to take up his abode, at his house in Guernsey.

Somebody reports that Gen Tom Thum is to be placed on the retired list.

Fall River, Mass., has a female negro school teacher.

The navy of the Sandwich Islands, it is said, consists of two fishing smacks and a raft.

A Mr. Finley, Englishman, declares that the Gulf stream is a myth.

Hon. Geo. V. Lawrence, of Pennsylvania is to be first assistant postmaster General

James T. Ely of Chicago, is Grant's short hand reporter.

Edwin Forrest's eldest sister died in Philadelphia recently.

Dr Mudd has been released and has gone north.

Washburne will not depart immediately for France.

Canada has just been again enjoying a dreadful snow storm.

A western editor calculates that each of the Chicago grain elevators supports 10,000 rats.

It has recently been announced that Alexander von Humboldt died very poor.

Secretary Borie of the navy says there are no vacancies in his department.

Isabella Mandeville, an attractive widow, has been sued by E. Birmingham, for ten thousand dollars damages, for breach of promise.

The daughters of Andy Johnson, it is said, left the mansion in better order than it has ever been left in before by an outgoing President.

Stephen T Clark, financial editor of the New York Tribune, and formerly connected with the Express, died recently at Genoa, Italy.

Fisk has offered $1,000,000 for the New York Times' establishment, and the offer has been refused.

A thirsty party in Cheyenne recently borrowed a baby from its mother and pawned it for a dollar's worth of whisky.

Japan thinks the young fellows whom it sent out to be educated, know enough, and has called them all home.

An old lady in New Jersey thinks the ice crop will be very large this season.

An eastern writer thinks that one of the most surprising feats of the last administration was getting Mudd out of the dry Tortugas.

Josh Billings, in an essay concerning courting says that the more advice you undertake to follow, the less amount of good courting you can do.

A London correspondent writes that there is a great influx of "American shoddyists" in that city who astonish and amuse the public by their lavish expenditures.

District Court Notice.

IN the District Court for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona,

Territory of Arizona, vs John B. Allen, Territorial Treasurer for the Territory of Arizona, Coles Bashford, and Charles H. Lord Territorial Auditor.

To Coles Bashford one of the defendents above named:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the District Court, for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona, to answer the complaint of Granville H Oury, Attorney General for said Territory, in an action for injunction, to enjoin the presentation and payment of certain Territorial Bond and Warrants numbering as follows: Territorial Bonds, No7 74, 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 8 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 107 108 10 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150, and Territorial Warrants numbering as [illegible]

You are hereby required to answer the complaint herein filed within four months from the publication hereof, and to serve a copy thereof upon Granvile H. Oury, at his office in Tucson, in said county and Territory, within the time above specified.

And you are also notified that if you fail to answer the complaint of the plaintiff within the four months aforesaid, judgment will be taken against you by default, and application made to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

{L. S.} Given under my hand and the seal of said District Court, at Tucson, this 14th day of January, A. D., 1869.

OSCAR BUCKALEW, *Clerk*

3-4mo.

CASH STORE!
GOLDBERG & CO

North-east corner Main and Vine Sts
TUCSON, A. T.

HAVING received a new supply of Summer and Fall Goods, embracing a general and complete assortment of Dry goods, Fancy good, Ladies dress goods, of every description, Hats and Caps, Cloaks and Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hardware and Crockery, Groceries and Provisions, etc., etc. We adhere to a cash system and sell our goods remarkably low. Give us a call.

tf. Jan. 1, 69

SOUTHERN OVERLAND
U. S. MAIL.
And Express Line From Mesilla, N. M. to Tucson, A. T.

THE undersigned will run a weekly two-horse buggy between the above points, connecting at Mesilla, with stages for Santa Fe and the East, El Paso, and San Antonio, Texas; and at Tucson, with the Los Angeles and San Diego Semi-Weekly Stage Line, and the Weekly line for Hermosillo and Guaymas, Sonora; making a connected stage line for any point in the United States on the Pacific or Atlantic slopes of the continent, and points in northern and and central Mexico.

Particular attention paid to Express matter and comfort of Passengers.

The company are responsible for all Express matter sent by their line except against Indians.

Buggies leave Tucson and Mesilla every Sunday at 4 o'clock, p. m.

C. H. LORD, Passenger and Express Agent, Tucson, A. T.

DAVIS & BARELLA.
La Mesilla, N. M.

42-3t.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN

NEWSPAPER AND

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT!
TUCSON, A. T.

The only Newspaper published in the Territory of Arizona South of the Rio Gila.

Having lately received a
LARGE SUPPLY
of
NEW MATERIAL,

we are prepared to execute

ALL KINDS OF JOB-WORK,

POSTERS,

PAPMHLETS,

BILL-HEADS,

LETTER-HEADINGS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

CIRCULARS,

HAND-BILLS, &c

upon the shortest notice, and as reasonable as can be done this side of San Francisco.

We would particularly recommend our sheet o merchants in San Francisco Cal., and New York, having business correspondence in this section, as the only advertising medium in the Territory, south of the Rio Gila, and as Tucson

s in a section of

GREAT COMMERCIAL IMPORTANCE.

It is for the interest of every Business House that wishes to get a share of the trade, to advertise n our columns; therefore, send in your orders.

Address: "Weekly Arizonian," Tucson, A, T
SHERRY & DOONER, Publishers

P. E. TULLY. ESTEVAN OCHOA
TULLY & OCHOA.
Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

HEREBY give notice to their friends and the public generally that they have received direct from the East a full and complete stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c. and are prepared to sell at as reasonable terms as any merchants in the Territory. Give us a cal before purchasing elsewhere.

Jan 1st 1869.

TAKE NOTICE!
NEW GOODS!
DIRECT FROM NEW YORK

WE would respectfully announce to the people o Tucson and vicinity, that we have on hand a large and well assorted STOCK OF MERCHANDISE GROCERIES, &c., also, best EL PASO WINE and VINEGAR, which we offer for sale at the lowest figures.

H. LESINSKY, & CO.,
East side Main Street Tucson, A. T.
Jan. 1st '69. tf.

NEW GOODS!
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES
AT THE
SUTLER STORE,
CAMP DOWIE, (Apache Pass.)

A Good Supply for travelers. tf.

F. M. HODGES,
MAIN STREET
TUCSON, A. T.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large supply of the best brand of Liquors and Cigars.

Jan. 1st. '69 tf

ARIZONA OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

1869.

Federal Officers.

Governor—Richard C. McCormick, Tucson.
Secretary—James P. T. Carter "
Chief Justice—William F. Turner, Prescott,
Associate " Henry T. Backus, Tucson.
" " Harley H. Carter, La Paz.
Marshal—Edward Phelps, Tucson.
Sup't. Indians—George W. Dent, La Paz,
Surveyor General Sherman Day, San Francisco
District Attorney———— Tucson.
Assessor—Henry A. Bigelow, Prescott,
Collector—Levi Bashford, "
Dept. Collector Customs—J. F. Stoho, Tucson

Territorial Officers.

Auditor—Charles H Lord, Tucson,
Treasurer—John B Allen "
Attorney General—James E McCaffrey "
Delegate to Congress—Coles Bashford "

County Officers.

PIMA COUNTY.
Probate Judge—John S Thayer
Sheriff—Peter R Brady
District Attorney—Granville H. Oury
Treasurer—Sidney R DeLong
Recorder—Oscar Buckalew
Supervisors—John W Sweeney, E. N. Fish John G. Capron
Public Administrator,—Chas. H Meyers
county seat—Tucson.

YAVAPAI COUNTY.
Probate Judge—Hezikiah Brooks.
Sheriff—A John Moore
District Attorney—John M Rountree.
Treasurer—William Cory
Recorder—John H Behan
Supervisors—John G Campbell, ————
County Seat—Prescott.

YUMA COUNTY.
Probate Judge—Joseph B. Tuttle.
Sheriff—David King.
District Attorney—Marcus D Dobbins.
Treasurer—Robert Coles
Recorder.—Peter Doll.
Supervisors—W Ravena, C. Gross, M, Castinado
Public Administrator—John Duff.
county seat—La Paz.

MOHAVE COUNTY.
Probate Judge—Wm. L Haskell
Sheriff—Eli Smith
Treasurer—E M McCarty
Recorder—James P Bull
Supervisors—John Pearson, William Forrest Chas Atchisson.
Dis't. Att'y.—A E Davis.
County Seat—Hardyville.

PAH UTE COUNTY.
Probate Judge—Daniel M Thomas.
Sheriff———
Recorder———
Supervisors———
county seat—St. Thomas.

Notaries Public.

PIMA Co.—William S Beator Maricopa Wells Mortimer R. Platt, Tucson; John M. Case, Apache Pass; J. B. McKinnie, Florence;
YAVAPAI Co.—Henry W Fleury, Prescott; W. R Ferris, Wickenburg; Thos J L Hague Peeples, J M Lencander, Camp McDowell.
YUMA Co.—Charles H. Brinley, Arizona City, H. D. Dobbs, La Paz.

Assistant Assessors

PIMA Co.—Mark Aldrich, Tucson.
Yuma Co—Thos. J. Bidwell, La Paz.
Yavapai Co—George Lount, Prescott; W. R. Ferris, Wickenburg

Deputy Collectors.

PIMA Co.—P R Brady Tucson.
Yuma Co—Robt. Coles, La Paz.
Mohave Co—Jas P. Bull, Mohave City.

Places and Times of Holding Courts.

FIRST DISTRICT.
Judge Backus—Oscar Buckalew, Clerk
In Tucson, Pima county, commencing on the first Monday in April, and first Monday in October.

SECOND DISTRICT.
Judge Carter—————— Clerk.
In La Paz, Yuma county, commencing on the firs Monday in March and first Monday in September
In St Thomas, Pah Ute County, commencing on the 3d Monday in June.
In Hardyville, Mohave county, commencing o first Monday in January and first Monday in June

THIRD DISTRICT.
Judge Turner—Edward W Wells, Clerk.
In Prescott, Yavapai county, commencing on the first Monday in April and first Monday in October

SUPREME COURT.
One term in each year at the Capital, commencing n the first Wednesday after beginning of the regular annual session of the Legislature. Oscar Buckalew, Clerk.

PUBLIC NOTICE!

ALL persons are warned against trespassing on the property of the MOWRY SILVER MINES. Work will be resumed on an extensive scale assoon as proper arrangements can be made, and the condition of the country will justify it. The property has been placed in the hands of the Military authorities of the United States, by order of General Grant, U. S. A. Commander-in-chief, at the request of the undersigned. All just and legitimate claims against the Company will be settled upon resumption of work. The undersigned relies upon his friends in Arizona to see that the spirit of this notice is carried out.

SYLVESTER MOWRY.
President
Mowry Silver Mining Co.,
New York, Otot4, '67.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN.

Vol. 2. Tucson, A. T., Saturday, April 24, 1869. No. 17

THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN

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Published every Saturday at Tucson, A. T.

P. W. BOONER.....EDITOR.

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M. R. PLATT. J. EMcCAFFREY

PLATT & McCAFFREY.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW
TUCSON, A. T.
January 2d 1869-tf

CHAS. H. LORD W. W. WILLIAMS

LORD & WILLIAMS.

HAVING just brought on from New York fresh and
CHOICE STOCK OF MERCHANDISE,
are offering the same very cheap for cash.
Look at our goods and prices
tf Jan. 1,'69.

G. H. OURY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law
Office in Court-house Building
TUCSON, A. T.
aug4;67 tf

WHEAT'S SALOON.

The undersigned having leased the above Saloon, is prepared to furnish his friends and the public with a general assortment of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

AUGUSTUS BRICHTA.
Jan 30, 1869.

PIONEER BUTCHER SHOP.

CHARLES F. FOSTER.

at the OLD STAND on Main Street,
TUCSON, A. T.

IS ready to supply all customers in his line with as good beef and at as low rates as can be done elsewhere in town.

Jan. 1st 1869.

PIONEER BREWERY.

TUCSON, A. T.
LAGER BEER, ALE and PORTER
Constantly on hand.
A. LEVIN & J. GOLDTREE.
March 14, 1869—11-tf.

CAMP GRANT STORE!

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that they have just opened a new stock of goods consisting of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c.
and are prepared to sell on the "live and let live" principle.

Would also announce to those persons desirous to settle upon the Lower San Pedro, that they are proprietors of a large Asequie and will allow water to be taken from it by actual settlers free of charge

ISRAEL & COX.
Camp Grant, A. T., Oct 2d 1868. tf

BLACKSMITH AND WAGON SHOP,

PEARL ST. TUCSON, A. T.

Wagons are made and repaired at this establishment and everything in the Blacksmith line done with promptness and dispatch.

SWEENY & ETCHEL Proprietors.
Jan. 1st, '69

THOMAS M. YERKES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANT
Tubac, A. T.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, which will be sold reasonable, and a LIBERAL CREDIT GIVEN. Grain taken in exchange, for goods at market prices.
Jan 1st 1869. tf.

THE GIN-FIEND.

The Gin Fiend cast his eyes abroad, and look'd o'er all the land,
And numbered his myriad worshippers with bird-like, long right hand;
He took his place in the teeming streets, and watched the people go
Around and about, with a buzz and a shout, forever to and fro.
"And it is hip!" said the Gin-Fiend "hip! huzza! for the multitudes I see,
Who offer themselves in sacrifice, and die for the love of me."

There stoood a woman on a bridge; she was old but not with years—
Old with excess, and passion, and pain—and she wept remorseful tears
As she gave to her babe her milkless breast; Then, goaded by its cry,
Made a desperate leap in the river deep, in the sight of the passers-by
"And its hip!" said the Gin-Fiend "hip! huzza! she sinks, but let her be.
In life or death, whatever she did, was all for love of me.

There watched another by the hearth, with sullen face and thin;
She uttered words of scorn and hate, to one that stagger'd in.
Long had she watched, and when he came, his thoughts were bent on blood,
He could not brook her taunting look, and he slew her where she stood.
"And its hip!" said the Gin-Fiend, "hip! huzza! my right good friend is he,
He hath slain his wife, he hath given his life, and all for love of me."

And every day in the crowded way, he takes his fearful stand,
And numbers his myriad worshippers, with his bird-like long right hand;
And every day the weak, the strong—widows and husbands and wives;
Blood-warm, blood-cold, young men and old, offer the Fiend their lives.
"And its hip!" said the Gin-Fiend "hip! hip! hussa! for the multitudes I see
That sell their souls for the burning drink, and die for the love of me."

About Giants.

The most ancient and respectable of all histories, the Bible, establishes to us distinctly several races of giants, as the Rephaims, the Anakims, the Enims, Zonzonims, etc.

The Anakims, or descendants of Anak, were the inhabitants of the Promised Land, to which Moses would lead the Jews. It was those Anakims who, being seen by the spies sent by the Hebrew General, were reported to be men of such size that the Hebrews were but as grasshoppers to them. The giant Og, king of Basham, overcome by Moses; was of that race whose bedstead of brass measured fifteen feet and a half, and the Rabbins maintain that was not even his bed, but only his cradle when a child.

When Joshua entered the land of Canaan he defeated the descendants of Anak, who inhabited the cities of Hebron, Dabir and Anab, *and only spared those of Gaza, Gath and Azoth* where, for many ages, the tombs of these giants were seen; and where Josephus informs us that, in his time, their bones, of a monstrous and incredible size were yet shown.

The Rephaims, descended from Rapha, and continued below the time of David; Goliah of Gath, who was slain by that king of the Israelites was ten feet seven inches high, and was one of the last branches of that family, and the Scripture mentions four others, one of which was brother to Goliah, and was slain by David and his soldiers.

The body of Orestes, according to the Greeks, was eleven feet and a half; the giant of Galbra brought from Arabia to Rome, under Claudius Cæsar, was nearly ten feet, and the bones of Secondilla and Pusio, keepers of the gardens of Solgat, were but six inches shorter.

Funnom, a Scotsman who lived in the time of Eugene the second, king of Scotland, *measured eleven feet and a half*; The Jacob le Maire in his voyage to the Straits of Magellan, reports that on the 17th of December 1865, they found at Port Desire, several graves covered with stones, and having the curiosity to remove the stones, they discovered several human skeletons of 10 and 11 feet long.

The Chevalier Scory, in his voyage to the Peak of Teneriffe, relates that they found in one of the sepulchral caverns of that mountain, the head of a Gaunche, which had eighty teeth, and that the body (which was in the burial place of the kings of Guimar, and of whose race it was said to be) was not less than fifteen feet high.

The giant Ferragus, slain by Orlando, nephew of Charlemagne, was eighteen feet high.

Rioland, a celebrated anatomist, who wrote in the year 1613, says, that some years before, there was to be seen in the suburbs of St Germaine at *Paris, near St. Peter's Chapel*, the tomb of the giant Isoret, who was twenty feet high.

In the city of Ronen, in 1509, some persons employed digging in the ditches near the Jacobins, found a stone tomb, which contained a skeleton whose skull held a bushel of corn, and whose shin bones reached up to the girdle of the tallest man there, it being about four feet long, and consequently the body must have been seventeen or eighteen feet high. Upon the tomb was a plate of copper whereupon was engraved: "In this tomb lies the noble and puissant lord, the Chevalier Ricon de Gallemont, and his bones." Platerus, a famous physician, and who certainly knew human bones from others, declares, that he saw at Lucerne, the true human bones of a subject which must have been, at least, nineteen feet high. Verily, there were giants in those days.

Terrible Tragedy in Tennessee.

MEMPHIS, February 20th.

A horrible tragedy occurred on Fridy night, three miles north-east of Raleigh Springs. A party of white men went to the house of Colonel Thomas Dickens, while he and two men named Wilson and Humphrey were eating supper, and knocked at the door, which was opened by Humphrey. Without saying a word the party shot Humphrey through the body, and with knives and pistols in their hands rushed into the room and put out the lights. They then commenced firing at Dickens and Wilson. Dickens received one ball in the body, and with Humphrey managed to crawl out of the room. Colonel Dickens made his way to a neighbor's house and gave the alarm. On returning with a party of neighbors, a colored woman, Colonel Dickens' servant, was found dead near the front door, Wilson's body was found in the barn, with eight shots through it and badly cut to pieces. Humphrey was also found, badly wounded. The assassins plundered the house, taking everything of value, and rifled the pockets of Wilson and the negro woman; took two valuable horses from the stable and made their escape.—*Marysville Appeal.*

Late Eastern News.

New Orleans, March 31—Letters from Matanzas say that a body of cuban patriots near there had raised the American flag, and that a large expedition with arms and ammunition had landed on the Cuban coast near Calchonac.

New York, April 5—In the case of Fisk versus the Pacific R. R., an affidavit was filed in the supreme court to-day by Oakes Ames, a stockholder, and T. C. Durant' John Bailey, Sidney Dillon and Cornelius Bushnell, directors of the company, stating that during the progress of the road a contract for construction was made, not to be binding unless afterwards approved by the stockholders, and that Fisk afterwards purchased six shares of stock from the party who had assented to this contract, and that this is all his interest in the company.

New York, April 6—The state elections in Connecticut are very close, both parties claim the victory: latest advices are that, for Congress, the republicans have elected Kellogg and Starkweather, and the democrats, Barnum and Stoneman.

The entire republican ticket for city officers was elected in Toledo, Ohio, on the fifth instant.

New York, April 6—City of Mexico dat of the first of April state that Ramero is going to Washington on special mission. La Vega's advocates are increasing. Juarez surrendered on his birth day [We do not understand this about Juarez].

Chicago, April 6—Grand preparations are being made to celebrate the completion of the Pacific Railroad. The president, governors, and all high officials are to be invited to meet guests from the Pacific.

San Francisco, April 6—The Central Pacific R. R. is complete to the six hundred and fortieth mile post Since the removal of the democratic commissioners seventy miles of road had been completed, but there are no commissioners now here, to examine and report upon the the work. Tracklaying is going on at the rate of five miles per day, and it is expected to reach Ogden in twenty days.

Chicago, April 6—The committee on Foreign Affairs, in the House, have agreed to report a bill authorizing the President to enter into negotiations for the annexation of the Island of St. Domingo to the United States.

The President has notified minister Hale and his secretary of legation that their resignations would be accepted. Their successors will be appointed immediately.

Leavensworth, April 7—The chief quartermaster of this military division leaves for Chicago to-day. The Adjutant General, Inspector General, chief Commissary and chief of Engineers are to follow immediately. The paymaster, medical purveyor, depot quartermaster and depot commissary will remain.

New York, April 6—Judge Blatchford to day decided the case of Fisk against the Union Pacific Railroad to be properly within the jurisdiction of the United States court, and the proceedings heretofore had in the case were null and void.

Chicago, April 6—In Congress a House committee agreed to report a bill to prevent a reduction of the pay of laborers in the government navy yards in consequence of a reduction of the hours of labor.

Washington, April 7—Regulations were issued to-day, mustering out the general service clerks and messengers allowed headquarters of divisions and regiments. Recruits, not exceeding in the aggregate five, shall be received, all to be rated as clerks and to be allowed the extra pay prescribed for clerks. The number of hired citizens, employed in any capacity in the quartermaster's Dept., shall be reduced, so that by the first of July the aggregate shall not exceed four thousand.

St. Louis, April 8—Adjt. Gen. W. A. Nichols of the military division of the Missouri, died this morning after a short illness.

Havana, March 6—A Spanish man-of-war captured a steamer of the revolutionists at Stirrup Key. The people escaped to the shore. Four of the crew and firemen were taken prisoners. A batallion of artillery has returned from the interior. El Diario considers the rebellion suppressed in the central department. The U S. flagship has gone to the mouth of the Mississippi, to prevent the sailing of a Cuban expedition from New Orleans. From Vera Cruz advices state that a special commission will be sent to Washington to have vessels recalled.

Washington, April 7—Admiral Hoff telegraphs that the Captain General of Cuba has ordered that several American families be allowed to pass the Spanish lines.

Consul Codlington has been released.

Madrid, April 6—King Ferdinand positively declines the crown of Spain.

Copper ore has been found in Champaign county, Illinois.

In Indiana, any voter of good moral character can practise law.

A rule always to be observed in society—ask no woman her age.

A large paper mill has just been finished at Kansas City, Mo.

"Chicagoized" is the last name given to to those who obtain a divorce.

"Look out for paint" said the girl when her lover went to kiss her.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

APRIL 21,.....1869.

AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF THE "ARIZONAN."

I am yet a child—strange that I should undertake to write a history of my life: a life of less than two years; yet it is necessary that I do this, so that when (a few years hence) I control and shape the destinies of the people, as far as regards their possessions here, the world may know my origin and receive a hint upon the value of persistency. Thus far I have struggled against and surmounted obstacles which would never have been encountered by one less persevering than myself:

I came into existence somewhere about the 15th of June 1867. I well remember how bright and sunny were those early days of my existence. A whole city crowded around my couch, and hundreds of people grasped my infant form—each turning, and wiewing me with delight; the city was clamorous in prising my beauty and intelligence. But all this happiness was destined, ere long, to pass away: Bacchus found his way into the sanctum, made repeated and prolonged visits until, at the end of three weeks, the being (Mr. Pierce) of whom I am the creature, deserted me and worshipped at his shrine. I had well nigh perished when a kind and benevolent hand was extended to me. S. R. DeLong, viewing my destitute condition, and feeling that a child of such fair promise was worthy of support and encouragement, generously took me to himself, decorated my puny form with dress to which I was hitherto a stranger; filled me with precepts of wisdom and truth; taught me "love of country," taught me to advocate justice, virtue and industry—and while yet in my period of blushing innocence introduted me to the whole world. It is needless to say that under such auspices I throve rapidly. I increased in size, and at the end of eighteen months, during which time I was the ward of S. R DeLong, I was almost mature in wisdom, virtue, and all the other good qualities which a youth should possess.

The generous nature is always grieved at the thought of separation from those dear to it and from whom it has received boundless favors. So it was with me. My kind protector having supported the fact that it was absolutely that my existence was indispensable and that I would no longer be permitted to suffer from want, bade me a cordial farewell, and I then became the ward of H. W. Sherry, on the 1st of January 1868. For one week I remained his, whole and entire.

In the meantime H. W. Hooper often viewed me with pleasure and bestowed little favors on me from time to time, seeing that I was a youth of very fair promise, and that it was extremely easy to mould me into a creditable man, he became interested in me. Thus, for the three months my affections were divided, between two by whom I have been wellnigh killed.

The former of these has now renounced all interest in me and I am consequently the care of the latter.

I am a native of Arizona and, therefore, an "Arizonan"—no longer an "Arizonian" which term I look upon as an unwarrantable construction, owing to the fact that it is "Arizona"—not "Arizenia"—my name was derived.

When eight or ten years more shall have elapsed this autobiography will be continued from where it is now left off. Even now I would according if I were endowed with the spirit of prophecy; but "we never know what to-day may bring forth."

Los Angeles Items.

From the Weekly News of April 16th:

Bridge.—It is rumored that a company are forming for the purpose of building a bridge across the Los Angeles river.

Silver Bullion.—Four wagons passed through this city on Sunday last on route for San Pedro, with fifteen tons of silver Bullion in pigs from Los Pinos, consigned to Wells Tomlinson & Co. for shipment.

Rumor.—A rumor reached this city yesterday that a house had been burned on a ranch eight miles west of the city by which a family were rendered homeless.

Complaint has been laid before Justice O. H. Allen, charging E. A. Price with having committed arson in burning a house some 8 miles west of this city a few days since. The circumstances are clothed in vague rumor, at present. The examination will take place at ten o'clock next Saturday morning, after which we will be better able to furnish our readers with the whole truth.

The *Star* Says—On Wednesday morning two companies of the Eight Cavalry passed through town, on their way to Arizona. This is the beginning of the succor to be afforded the people of that Territory, and which is as much needed to day as it was years ago. We hope the number of troops having the same destination will soon be put in motion for the Apache country.

These companies were Capt. Kelley's company G, Eight Cavalry, destined for service at Camp McDowell; Lieut W. Cleare, Company F, Major Seward, for Fort Whipple; Lieuts Carrick and A. B. Jerome, Company L. Capt. Perry, Lieuts Walcott, Upham, with Lieut. Bassells, of the Second Artillery, are under orders for Arizona; but remain at Drum Barracks, completing their outfit; they will be in readiness to start in a few days.

The Rocky Mountain *Herald* which generally views matters with a proper light, and reviews them with much ability, contains the following remark upon the future of Tucson:

The Southern overland railway, which is now so much advocated by the Southern and Middle States, is bound to make a big city at Tucson, the great half way house between the Grande and the golden Gulf.

Correspondence.

Tucson, April 20th, 1869.

Mr. Editor:—Gov. McCormick writes from Washington under date of March 17th, that he had had an earnest talk with the new commander of the armies—Gen. Sherman—about relief for Arizona, setting forth the great need of more troops there, and that the General seemed to appreciate the exigency, but said owing to the reduction of the army, nothing could now be done. At the General's suggestion, the Governor was preparing a statement to put before the military committees of Congress, in which he would renew the application for authority to raise troops in the Territory.

There was general regret, in Washington among western men over the reduction of the army. The Governor was to have an interview with General Thomas, the new commander of the Pacific, who will be a welcome successor to General Halleck. Owing to the delay of overland mails the Governor had received few letters or papers from Arizona, and these of a very old date; the slow on the present Pacific Railroad was making much capital for the Southern Pacific Railroad.

Hon. John Titus of Pennsylvania, late Chief Justice of Utah, has been appointed to succeed Judge Backus of this District, and will probably be here during the spring.

Judge Titus is a lawyer of capacity and much experience; in Utah his service won for him a high reputation, and he will probably study to harmonize and aid, rather than to contend and embarrass the people, and each will be a wholesome one, and a general relief.

Hon. C. W. Howell, a member of the second Legislature from Mojave county, and now a resident of Mojave City, has been appointed U. S. District Attorney for Arizona.

Here is one among about a dozen of hostile engagements reported in the local columns of the late California papers received:

A Shooting Affray.—For some months past a feeling of hostility has existed between A. M. Shields and John Bell, of this City—a feeling growing out of domestic affairs. Shields and Bell had several quarrels in which, on three or two occasions, weapons were drawn by one or both parties. An armed truce having been existing for some time, which broke out into open violence on Tuesday night about half past 10 o'clock, when Shields attacked Bell with a knife, and dealt a number of blows about the head and face. The fight took place in the dining room of the Occidental Hotel, on the Plaza. Shields was found he had received a ball wound in the abdomen, which proved, upon examination, to have only penetrated the skin and lodged upon the opposite side, and a bruise upon the head from the pistol in the hands of his opponent. Shields was taken to the Dawson House, where the ball was dislodged by Drs. Williams and Morse, and the wound dressed. Bell's clothes from the field to Sheriff Dunn's office in the City, when he surrendered himself, and was held up enough released on Wednesday morning. But received some hard knocks upon the head, arms and body, but appeared on the streets as well as usual. This hostile meeting has been anticipated for the public, and it is hoped [illegible]

Latest News.

(From files of the daily New Mexican.)

Corinne, April 5—The U. P. railroad was laid into this town to-day [This place is on Bear river in Utah.]

Washington, April 8—The committee on reconstruction have agreed to report a bill in accordance with the President's wishes in regard to Virginia and Mississippi and also containing a section enabling Texas to adopt a constitution.

Philadelphia, April 8—Eaton was executed to-day for the murder of Timothy Hobman.

Washington, April 8—The President nominated Phillip Litz for marshal of Washington Territory. The Senate confirmed a large number of appointments heretofore sent in. The Supreme court rendered its last decision of the term on Monday. No decision will be made on the legal tender cases this term. The house committee on foreign affairs has agreed to report a resolution recomending the appointment of a committee to investigate the financial condition of San Domingo with a view to possible annexation.

New York, April 7—The case of Fisk against the Union Pacific railroad came to a sudden stop to-day in the State court by reason of witnesses refusing to testify after hearing the decision of Judge Blatchford.

An explosion of nytro-glycerine occurred in a blacksmith's shop at Hudson, to day, destroying the house and killing one man.

New York, April 8—It is rumored that a late Prussian mail from Bremen has been robbed of over a million dollars. P. O. detectives in this department profess no knowledge of the matter.

Washington, April 8—It is now proposed to appoint an Indian peace commission of quakers, civilized Indians and a French Catholic. It is believed the Indians will have control now in all appropriations for purchase clothing, for California Indians has been fixed at sixty thousand.

Washington, April 8—There is considerable excitement over a rumor that the Mexican Government has filed charges against Romero as an Impeachment.

The President has directed the immediate recall of Consul Johnson.

ARMY SUPPLIES

DEPOT AND DEPOSIT

On Hoof or Block

FOR

ARIZONA

IN

1870.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF

COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,

San Francisco, Cal., March 30th, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS, in duplicate, will be received at this office, No. 402 Sutter street, San Francisco, Cal., by the undersigned, until 12 o'clock, M., on THURSDAY, July 1st, 1869, when they will be opened by the Commissary General, or his representative, in the presence of all the Bidders who may be present at the time, for the troops stationed therein during the year 1870.

The supply will amount to about 2,000 Beef Cattle and 1,000 Wethers.

Copies of the proposal, contract and details can be obtained on application at the above office of the Army Commissary of Subsistence, Cal., and at the office of the A. C. S. of the Military Department of Arizona, Tucson.

Proposals will be received for any part of the supply.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of their proposals.

Delivery of the supply to be commenced on the 1st day of July, 1869, and completed by the 30th day of June, 1870.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a guarantee that the bidder will enter into contract, if awarded to him, and give the bond required by the regulations of the Department.

The Commissary General reserves the right to reject any or all proposals deemed to be for the interest of the service.

By Order of Brevet Brigadier General [illegible]

Chief Commissary of Subsistence.

NOTICE, Bids for Hay and Grain at Camp Goodwin A. T., will be received until 12 M. April 30th instead of April 20th 1869.

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,

SUB DISTRICT OF TUCSON,

Tucson, A. T. April 15, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS in Quadruplicate will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., April 20th 1869, for the delivery of

600,000 pounds of Barley or corn, and

270,000 do do Hay

at Camp Goodwin A. T., between the first day of July 1869 and the 30th day of June 1870.

The grain and hay must be clean, and free from all foreign substances and of the best quality that the country affords.

The successful bidder for said hay and grain will be allowed the sole use and benefit of the government farm, situated on the Gila river, about five miles from Camp Goodwin, A. T., for the period of one year, with the privilege of three, to commence as soon as he shall be notified of the acceptance of his bid.

Said farm contains about one hundred acres of fertile land, thoroughly ditched, and can be irrigated with little or no expense to the contractor. The land adjacent, though not ditched nor irrigated at the present time, is also very fertile and can be made very profitable with comparatively little labor, and the extent and value of the farm can be thus greatly increased. There is no doubt but that the most of the grain required to fill the contract can be raised on the farm.

Bidders will state the price in gold coin at which they will furnish the grain and hay under the above conditions.

No bids but those of persons of undoubted loyalty to the U. S. Government will be entertained and the undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all bids offered.

The proposal must be signed by two responsible parties who will become sureties for the faithful performance of the contract.

The proposals must be accompanied by [illegible]

Envelopes containing the bids will be indorsed "Proposals for Hay and Grain" and addressed to the Undersigned.

The contract will be subject to approval of the Chief Department Quartermaster.

By Order of Bvt. Brig. Gen. [illegible]

Chief Quartermaster.

THOS. S. SLAVEN

Tucson, A. T.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS

Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.

Corner Pearl and Main Streets, Tucson, Arizona.

E. N. FISH & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

General Merchandise.

We keep constantly on hand the best and largest assortment of goods in the Territory and offer them at the lowest prices.

Army contractors and Indian traders supplied at San Francisco prices. Cattle, Horses and Mules bought and sold. Liberal advances made on consignments of produce to our San Francisco house.

Tucson, A. T.

T. H. Goodwin Adam Sanders

GOODWIN & SANDERS,

Dealers in General Merchandise

TUCSON, A. T.

NEW Goods up on hand and are now receiving a large stock of goods suitable for the Spring Trade, consisting in part of

[illegible]

Powder, Lead and Caps, Percussion Powder, Shot and Lead, which we will sell low for cash or produce. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continuance of public patronage.

Jan. 1, 1869.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONAN

APRIL 24,........................1869.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS.

H, STEVEN'S Train, from Fort Yuma, arrived here Wednesday, laden with Quartermaster's Stores.

THE eating saloons are "falling through" by degrees, and the Hotel of Dr Richardson gathers fresh vigor in consequence.

We have not seen a copy of the Prescott *Miner* for a month. For this we are sorry as that sheet sometimes furnished a little *news*.

THERE are people in this town who lov whisky so much that for it they renounce home comforts and choose the cold floor, and deathlike stilness of the prison cell.

H. WHITTLESEY, said to be insane, and for the past two weeks in confinement, in consequence—was yesterday morning put aboard the train of H. Stevens, en route for Yuma.

THE prospects on the Gila are, according to reports, very encouraging; so much so that three of our citizens have moved thither with the intention of spending the summer in the cultivation of land. The settlement of Florence is rapidly growing and will, doubtless, ere long, be one of the most populous points in the Territory.

NEWS reached here this Morning that on the 21st. Inst, a large party of Indians attacked a government train near Camp Crittenden. The attack is said to have been made within full view of that post, and resulted in the killing of two soldiers and the capture of twelve mules by the Indians.

HOW IS IT:—That some people who have not a cent, and will not work, manage to "scrape out" an existance? We have remarked in this city a crowd of such individuals who will go hungry rather than work for bread who will go half naked rather than work for clothes, in short, they do nothing so long as they can find a "[illegible]" in which [illegible]—and thus, half starved, half naked, shunned by all who have any self-respect, they drag out a wretched and idle life. Truly, such men are a disgrace to the Caucasian race, and deserve to be driven beyond the boundary line [illegible] that their lazy disposition [illegible] be pampered by even a [illegible] of [illegible] obtained by the hand of industry. The fact that this class of men have [illegible] starved to death within the past three [illegible] them [illegible] for them

C. V. [illegible] [illegible] comes a genuine [illegible] to hand [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

TO [illegible]NDA.

[illegible]

RUMPUS:—The display on Main street, on the evening of April 21st, though not conducted in conformity with the regulations of the "ring" was, nevertheless, pugilism worthy of proper notice. It was a "free fight"—one in which any person was welcome to "take a hand."

Round 1st—B. attempts to conduct his nag within the door of Z's establishment; he only wishes to place his shaggy "plug" near to Z's show-case for the purpose of contrasting him with the symmetrical little wax ponies in said case.

Round 2d—W. insists that B's horse *must* not enter, whereupon, B doubles up his maulers and "sails into" W., but receives a shock on the nasal organ, which quite destroys his sense of smelling *pro tem*.

Round 3d—Z. now requests, then demands that peace be restored, when a random thrust from some rebellious fist takes effect about half way between that gentleman's nose and chin. He retires.

Round 4th—B. half strangled, and bearing in his throat, marks indicating recent and extreme pressure by ten fingers, rushes through the crowd and informs the public that he (B) has been "choked."

Round 5th—Z expresses sympathy with B—is sorry that B has been deprived the natural privilege of respiration for even one moment, but receives from B, by way of acknowledgement, an application somewhere in the region of the optics, which multiplies Z's power of vision, causing him to see objects double.

Round 6th—P, with staff of office arrives—all are quiet and amiable in a moment.

THE following is a statement of the rates at which contracts have been awarded for the supplying of grain and hay at the various military posts in the sub district of Tucson:

CAMP LOWELL.

Wm. Zeckendorf—1,0[illegible],000 grain @ 2.63cts.
300 tons hay @ [illegible]
John Anderson—300 do do @ $12.00

CAMP CRITTENDEN.

A. Lezard—1[illegible] 000 pounds grain @ 3.2[illegible]cts,
——— —803,000 do do @ 3.49cts.
L. E. Wooster—3[illegible] tons hay @ $15 [illegible]

CAMP WALLEN.

A. B. Barn[illegible]—[illegible] grain @ 1.25cts.
Wm. Zeckendorf—[illegible] do @ [illegible]
[illegible] tons hay @ [illegible]

CAMP [illegible].

Tully & Ochoa [illegible] grain [illegible]
" " [illegible] tons hay @ [illegible]

CAMP [illegible].

[illegible] P. Hayden [illegible] grain [illegible]
— Hayden—[illegible] tons hay @ $25.00.

The undersigned [illegible] with the Arizona [illegible] subscription [illegible] to the Arizonan [illegible] this place, heretofore

H. W [illegible].

April 15th 1869

SEALED PROPOSALS IN

[illegible] will be received at the [illegible] in Tucson, A. T. [illegible] April 26th at [illegible]

[illegible]

Capt. and [illegible] Quartermaster [illegible]

A. Q. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] & CO.

[illegible]

WILLIAM ZECKENDORF
Tucson, A. T.
AARON ZECKENDORF Albuquerque N. M. LOUIS ZECKENDORF No 19 Dey St., N. Y.

A. & L. ZECKENDORF

WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL DEALERS

IN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS & CAPS
CARPETS.
MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
VINO del PAIS
del RIO ABAJA
PINONES &c &c.

NEW MEXICAN CARPETS and BLANKETS

We have on hand and are constantly receiving a full assortment of Every class of goods suitable for this market, which we offer on the most reasonable terms. One of our firm resides in New York City for the sole purpose of buying goods, and being in market constantly. Our merchandise is purchased on the most advantageous terms. Those Who deal with us can rely upon our stock being of the best quality and at the lowest prices. We would call the attention of merchants from this [illegible] as also from Sonora, to our well assorted stock especially suited to their market, and can confidently say it will be to their advantage to examine it before purchasing elsewhere.

HIGHEST

MARKET-PRICES

PAID FOR

ARIZONA

AND

SONORA

PRODUCE.

[illegible]

HINTON, HOOPER, & CO.

San Francisco and Fort Yuma, California Arizona City, Maricopa Wells, [illegible], Sweet Water and Camp McDowell, Arizona.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise.

Forwarding and Commission Merchants.

We wish to call the attention of the public generally, and Merchants, particularly, to our facilities for Wholesaleing and Jobbing at LOW RATES.

We keep constantly on hand at

ARIZONA CITY

The largest and most General Stock of Goods in the Territory, or in any one House south of San Frandisco.

COMPRISING EVERYTHING THE COUNTRY REQUIRES.

All our goods are either imported directly of bought of direct importors. We buy nothing from second hands; thereby saving the San Francisco Jobber's Profit which is

ALL WE ASK TO MAKE.

"Live and Let Live"

is our motto. Our terms are CASH. EXCLUSIVELY, and for cash, we are always in readiness to supply dealers, rancheros, & others, with goods, in jobbing lots at

Unprecedentedly Low for cash

HINTON, HOOPER & CO.

Arizona City Dec. 19, 1868-tf.

THE RICHARDSON HOUSE.

BY

DR. & MRS. N. P. RICHARDSON

HAVING leased the above named Hotel, we are prepared to accommodate the public.

A thorough renovation has taken place, the rooms are kept clean and airy, and no pains will be spared to make the patrons of the House comfortable.

The table shall be furnished with the bes the market affords.

Terms.

Board and Lodging per week............$30 00.
Board without Lodging.................. 16 00
Single meals.............................. 1.00

Terms cash. All bills payable weekly.

Tucson, Jan 1, '69.

CONTINENTAL

BILLIARD SALOON!

BY TODD & DUFFER.

The Best South of San Francisco.

Main Street, Tucson. A. T.

[illegible] of WINES LIQUORS and CIGARS [illegible] for this House—kept [illegible]

Wholesale and Retail.

[illegible] TABLES, are new and of [illegible]

[illegible] and insures prompt [illegible]

[illegible] is respectfully [illegible]

24-3m.

NOTICE.

Territory of Arizona,
County of Pima

[illegible] Thomas H. McLain, [illegible]

[illegible] that upon a final [illegible] said board had [illegible] county and Terr[illegible] [illegible] dollars [illegible] and also said [illegible]

[illegible] to take pos[illegible] and having [illegible] will hold the [illegible] the [illegible] heirs of said [illegible]

[illegible] moneys, [illegible] Territorial [illegible] place [illegible]

[illegible]

General Items.

Railroads have invaded Persia.

The Chicago river tunnel leaks.

Russia has 4,200 miles of railway.

Chicago aims to be the city of tunnels.

Iowa and Nebraska have no public debt.

Good paper is made from the Okra plant.

Pure chalk has been found near Omaha.

Gingham parties are all the rage in California.

The "Velocipede hat" has made its appearance.

Scotland has eleven, and Ireland thirteen dailies.

An Illinois cow, weighing 1,240 pounds sold for $126.

Filicide is the Chicago word for killing a daughter.

There are nearly 1,500 convicts in the Sing Sing prison.

Twelve feet of snow on a level, the past winter, in Canada.

Seventeen thousand men are at work on the Suez canal.

Massachusetts supports 80,000 paupers and criminals.

When the judgement is weak the prejudice, is strong.

The annual wool crop of the United States is over 150,000,000 pounds.

"Ation"

The following letter and reply we find among old clippings:

Madam: Most worthy of my admiration after long consideration, and much meditation, of the great reputation you possess in the nation, I have a strong inclination to become your relation. On your appreciation of the declaration, I will make preparation to move my situation, to profess my admiration; and if such obligation is worthy of observation, and can obtain commiseration, it will be an aggrandization, beyond all calculation, of the joy and exaltation of

Yours,

REUBEN DESPERATION.

Sir: I received your oration with much deliberation and a little consternation at the great infatuation of your weak imagination to show such veneration and on so slight a foundation. I suppose your animation was the fruit of recreation, or had sprung from an inclination to display your education, by odd enumeration or rather your multiplication of words of the same termination though of great variation in their respective signification. Now, without disputation, your laborious application to so tedious an occupation deserves commendation, and thinking imitation suffigratification, I am, without hesitation,

SALLY MODERATION.

The following experience of Verdant Green appeared in a New York paper some time since:

"Verdant had lived an unsophisticated life until the ripe age of 21. About this time a neighbor of V.'s father employed a governess from New York. V. met her at a picnic; and as she was the first lady he had ever met that could make him feel at home in her society, he fell violently in love with her. His bashfulness, under the skillful tutorage of the governess, wore rapidly away, and ere long he had consented to become her bridegroom. The bridal party stopped at a Cincinnati hotel; and, after many a weary hour, the momentous moment in a man's whole lifetime arrived for Verdant. On two chairs were piled a pyramid of skirts, etc., and on a table near the head of the bed the astonished eyes of Verdant beheld a sight that froze him with horror. There were false calves, false hips, false palpitators, and false hair. In one tumbler of water was a full set of false teeth, from another a glass eye stared at the bewildered bridegroom. How long he stood, Verdant knoweth not; but after a while a hollow and strange voice from under the bed clothes addressed him thus:

"Why don't you come to bed, dear?"

"So I would, but (with a profane expression) I don't know whether to get into bed or on the table.

A Queer Will.

The Vienna journals give a curious will left by a rich eccentric octogenarian named Stanislas Poltzmary; who lately died on his property, near Pesth. After bequeathing pensions to all his old servants, and alms to the poor, he sets down an extraordinary clause Instituting as his universal legatee M. Francois Lot, Hungarian by origin, and a notary by occupation in a little town near Vienna. But the testator annexes one condition: "My property," he wrote, "will belong to M. Lots, when he shall have sung either at La Scala, in Milan, or the San Carlo, in Naples, the parts of Othello, in the opera of that name, and that of Elvino, in the Somnambula. I do not dispose of my wealth in this manner for the sake of being thought an original, but, having been present four years ago at an evening party in Vienna, I heard this gentleman sing a cavatini from each of those operas with a beautiful tenor voice. Therefore I believe him likely to become an excellent artist. In any case, if the public hisses him, he can console himself easily with three millions of florins (£300,000), which I leave him." M. Lots is at Naples for the last month, preparing to carry out the wishes of the deceased. The notary is not forty, has a well tuned voice, and works night and day to learn as quickly as possible the two parts, with their pronunciation and singing. He will probably make a fiasco, but the property is well worth the hazard.

DR. N. P. RICHARDSON,
Office Richardson's Hotel.
TUCSON, A. T.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Joaquin Tapia, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, administrators of the above named estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers, within one year from the date of this notice to L. B. WOOSTER, at his store in the town of Tubac, in the county of Pima, or to PHILIP DRACHMAN at his store in the town of Tucson, in said county.

Dated at Tucson, A. T.,
March 22d, 1869.

PHILIP DRACHMAN
L. B. WOOSTER } Administrators.
8w

District Court Notice.

IN the District Court for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona.

Territory of Arizona,
vs
John B. Allen, Territorial Treasurer for the Territory of Arizona, Coles Bashford, and Charles H. Lord Territorial Auditor.

To Coles Bashford one of the defendents above named:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the District Court, for the First Judicial District, County of Pima, and Territory of Arizona, to answer the complaint of Granville H Oury, Attorney General for said Territory, in an action for injunction, to enjoin the presentation and payment of certain Territorial Bond and Warrants numbering as follows: Territorial Bonds, No7 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150, and Territorial Warrants numbering 42 51 52 55 105 and 106.

You are hereby required to answer the complaint herein filed within four months from the publication hereof, and to serve a copy thereof upon Granville H. Oury, at his office in Tucson, in said county and Territory, within the time above specified.

And you are also notified that if you fail to answer the complaint of the plaintiff within the four months aforesaid, judgment will be taken against you by default, and application made to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

{L. S.} Given under my hand and the seal of said District Court, at Tucson, this 14th day of January, A. D., 1869.

OSCAR BUCKALEW,
3-4mo. *Clerk.*

CASH STORE!
GOLDBERG & CO

North-east corner Main and Vine Sts
TUCSON, A. T.

HAVING received a new supply of Summer and Fall Goods, embracing a general and complete assortment of Dry Goods, Fancy good, Ladies dress goods, of every description, Hats and Caps, Cloaks and Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hardware and Crockery, Groceries and Provisions, etc., etc. W adhere to a cash system and sell our goods remarkably low. Give us a call.

tf. Jan. 1, 69

SOUTHERN OVERLAND
U. S. MAIL.
And Express Line From Mesilla,
N. M. to Tucson, A. T.

THE undersigned will run a weekly two-horse buggy between the above points, connecting at Mesilla, with stages for Santa Fe and the East, El Paso, and San Antonio, Texas; and at Tucson, with the Los Angeles and San Diego Semi-Weekly Stage Line, and the Weekly line for Hermosillo and Guaymas, Sonora; making a connected stage line for any point in the United States on the Pacific or Atlantic slopes of the continent, and points in northern and and central Mexico.

Particular attention paid to Express matter and comfort of Passengers.

The company are responsible for all Express matter sent by their line except against Indians.

Buggies leave Tucson and Mesilla every Sunday at 4 o'clock, p. m.

C. H. LORD, Passenger and Express Agent, Tucson, A. T.

DAVIS & BARELLA.
42-3t. La Mesilla, N. M

THE WEEKLY ARIZONIAN

NEWSPAPER AND JOB PRINTING

ESABLISHMENT!

TUCSON, A. T.

The only Newspaper published in the Territory of Arizona South of the Rio Gila.

Having lately received a

LARGE SUPPLY

of

NEW MATERIAL,

we are prepared to execute

ALL KINDS OF JOB-WORK,

POSTERS,

PAPMHLETS,

BILL-HEADS,

LETTER-HEADINGS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

CIRCULARS,

HAND BILLS, &c

upon the shortest notice, and as reasonable as can be done this side of San Francisco.

We would particularly recommend our sheet o merchants in San Francisco Cal., and New York, having business correspondence in this section, as the only advertising medium in the Territory, south of the Rio Gila, and as Tucson is in a section of

GREAT COMMERCIAL IMPORTANCE.

It is for the interest of every Business House that wishes to get a share of the trade, to advertise n our columns; therefore, send in your orders.

Address: "Weekly Arizonian," Tucson, A. T

P. E. TULLY. ESTEVAN OCHOA
TULLY & OCHOA.
Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

HEREBY give notice to their friends and the public generally that they have received direct from the East a full and complete stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c. and are prepared to sell at as reasonable terms as any merchants in the Territory. Give us a cal before purchasing elsewhere.

Jan. 1st 1869.

TAKE NOTICE!
NEW GOODS;
DIRECT FROM NEW YORK

WE would respectfully announce to the people o Tucson and vicinity, that we have on hand a large and well assorted STOCK OF MERCHANDISE GROCERIES, &c., also, best EL PASO WINE and VINEGAR, which we offer for sale at the lowest figures.

H. LESINSKY, & CO.,
East side Main Street Tucson, A. T.
Jan. 1st '69, M.

NEW GOODS!
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES
AT THE
SUTLER STORE.
CAMP BOWIE, (Apache Pass.)

A Good Supply for travelers. tf.

F. M. HODGES,
MAIN STREET
TUCSON, A. T.

KEEPS constantly on hand a large supply o the best brand of Liquors and Cigars.

Jan. 1st, '69 tf

ARIZONA OFIC DIECTORY.

1869.

Federal Officers.

Governor—Richard C. McCormick, Tucson.
Secretary—James P. T. Carter "
Chief Justice—William F. Turner, Prescott,
Associate " Henry T. Backus, Tucson.
" " Harley H. Cartter, La Paz.
Marshal—Edward Phelps, Tucson.
Sup't. Indians—George W. Dent, La Paz,
Surveyor General Sherman Day, San Francisco
District Attorney——————— Tucson.
Assessor—Henry A. Bigelow, Prescott,
Collector—Levi Bashford, "
Dept, Collector Customs---J. F. Stone, Tucson

Territorial Officers.

Auditor—Charles H Lord, Tucson,
Treasurer—John B Allen "
Attorney General—James E McCaffrey "
Delegate to Congress—Coles Bashford "

County Officers.

PIMA COUNTY.

Probate Judge—John S Thayer
Sheriff—Peter R Brady
District Attorney—Granville H. Oury
Treasurer—Sidney R DeLong
Recorder—Oscar Buckalew
Supervisors—John W Sweeney, E. N. Fish John G. Capron
Public Administrator,--Chas. H Meyers
county seat—Tucson.

YAVAPAI COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Hezikiah Brooks.
Sheriff—A John Moore
District Attorney—John M Rountree.
Treasurer—William Cory
Recorder—John H Behan
Supervisors—John G Campbell, ————
County Seat—Prescott.

YUMA COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Joseph B. Tuttle.
Sheriff—David King.
District Attorney---Marcus D Dobbins.
Treasurer—Robert Coles
Recorder.-- Peter Doll.
Supervisors—W Ravena, C. Gross, M, Castinado
Public Administrator---John Duff.
County seat—La Paz.

MOHAVE COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Wm. L Haskell
Sheriff—EH Smith
Treasurer--E M McCarty
Recorder--James P Bull
Supervisors--John Pearson, William Forrest Chas Atchisson.
Dist. Att'y.—A E Davis.
county Seat--Hardyville.

PAH UTE COUNTY.

Probate Judge—Daniel M Thomas.
Sheriff————————
Treasurer ————————
Recorder————————
Supervisors————————
county seat—St. Thomas.

Notaries Public.

PIMA Co.—William S Baxter Maricopa Wells Mortimer R. Platt, Tucson; John M. Cass, Apache Pass; J. B. McKinnie, Florence;

YAVAPAI Co.—Henry W Fleury, Prescott; W. R Ferris, Wickenburg; Thos J L Hague Peoria; J M Lenzarder, Camp McDowell.

YUMA Co.—Charles H. Brinley, Arizona City, M. D. Dobbs, La Paz.

Assistant Assessors

PIMA Co.---Mark Aldrich, Tucson.
Yuma Co---Thos. J. Bidwell, La Paz.
Yavapai Co---George Lount, Prescott; W. R. Ferris, Wickenburg

Deputy Collectors.

PIMA Co.---P R Brady Tucson.
Yuma Co--Robt. Coles, La Paz.
Mohave Co--Jas P. Bull, Mohave City.

Places and Times of Holding Courts.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Judge Backus—Oscar Buckalew, Clerk
In Tucson, Pima county, commencing on the first Monday in April, and first Monday in October.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Judge Cartter————————Clerk.
In La Paz, Yuma county, commencing on the first Monday in March and first Monday in September
In St Thomas, Pah Ute County, commencing on the 3d Monday in June.
In Hardyville, Mohave county, commencing o first Monday in January and first Monday in June

THIRD DISTRICT.

Judge Turner—Edward W Wells, Clerk.
In Prescott, Yavapai county, commencing on the first Monday in April and first Monday in October.

SUPREME COURT.

One term in each year at the Capital, commencing n the first Wednesday after beginning of the regular annual session of the Legislature. Oscar Buckalew, Clerk.

PUBLIC NOTICE!

ALL persons are warned against trespassing on the property of the MOWRY SILVER MINES. Work will be resumed on an extensive scale as soon as proper arrangements can be made, and the condition of the country will justify it. The property has been placed in the hands of the Military authorities of the United States, by order of Gen. Grant, U. S. A. Commander-in-chief, at the request of the undersigned. All just and legitimate claims against the Company will be settled upon resumption of work. The undersigned relies upon his friends in Arizona to see that the spirit of this notice is carried out.

SYLVESTER MOWRY,
President.
Mowry Silver Mining Co.
New York, Oct 1, '67.